Bringing a Different Mindset: NCI's Physical Sciences-Oncology Initiative

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Aerospace Materials for Extreme Environments Review: May 18-21, 2015 PHYSICAL SCIENCES in ONCOLOGY

NIH: Steward of Medical and Behavioral Research for the Nation

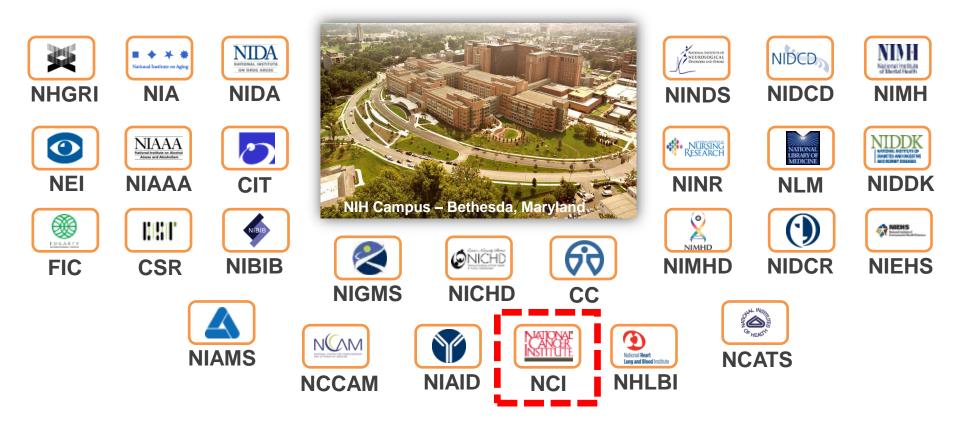


"Science in pursuit of fundamental knowledge about the nature and behavior of living systems... and the application of that knowledge to extend healthy life and reduce the burdens of illness and disability."





National Institutes of Health (NIH): 27 Institutes and Centers PHYSICAL SCIENCES



NIH Budget ~ \$30.8 Billion (FY12) ~82% for extramural support ~63,000 grants and contracts

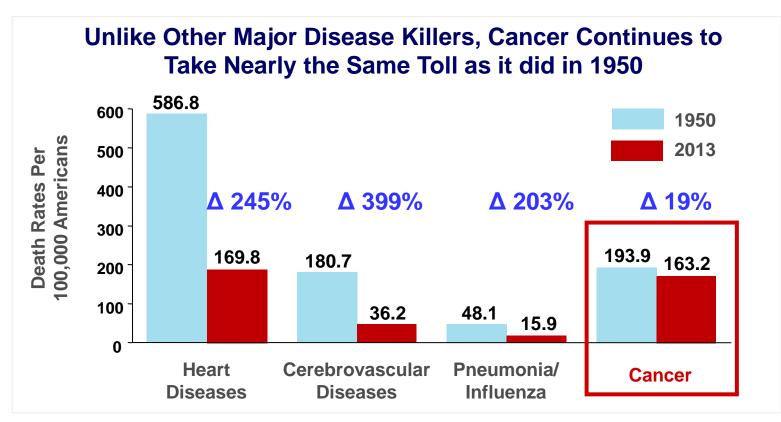
NCI Budget ~ \$5.07 Billion (FY12)

- ~ 76% for extramural support
- ~7,800 grants and contracts

In the US, Cancer Continues to be Represent an Enormous Burden

- 589,430 Americans died of cancer in 2015 (projection)
- 1,658,370 Americans will be diagnosed with cancer this year
- \$263.8 billion in 2010 for cancer healthcare costs & lost productivity

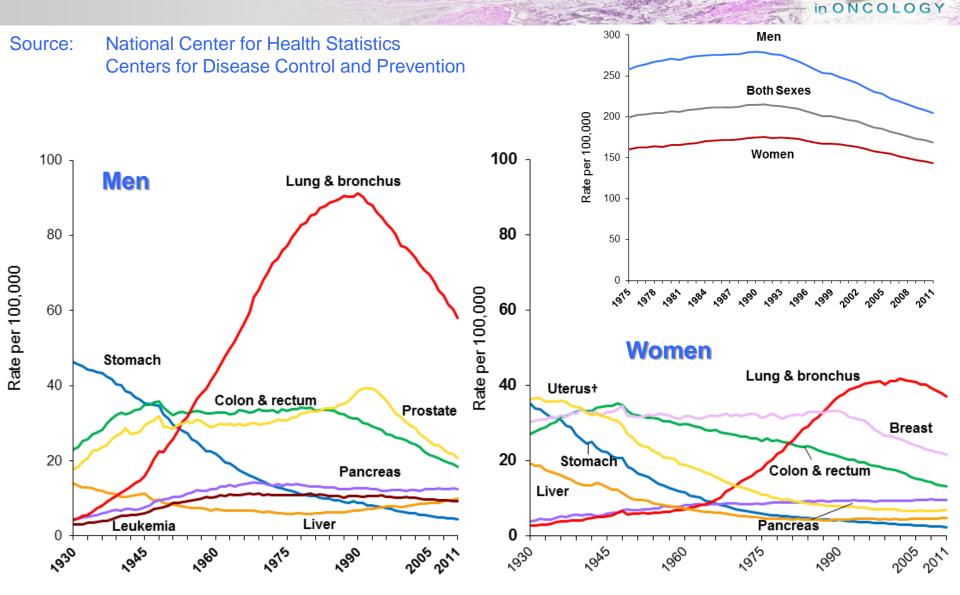
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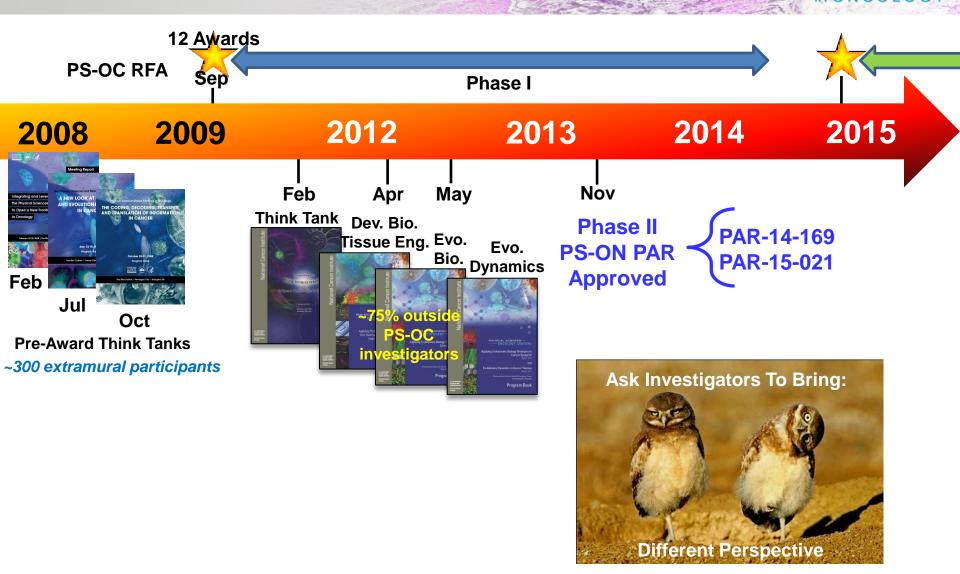
Source for 2012 deaths and diagnoses: American Cancer Society (ACS) 2012 Cancer Facts & Figures; Atlanta, Georgia Source for 2010 age-adjusted death rate: National Center for Health Statistics, NCHS Public-use file for 2010 deaths.

Trends in Cancer Death Rate in the US

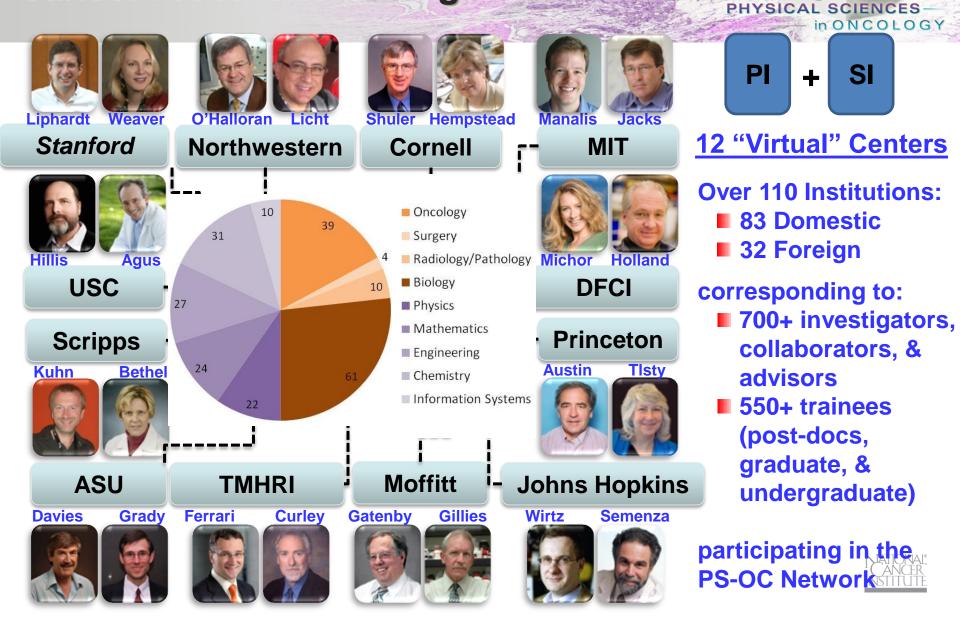
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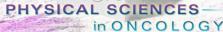
NCI's Physical Sciences-Oncology Initiative

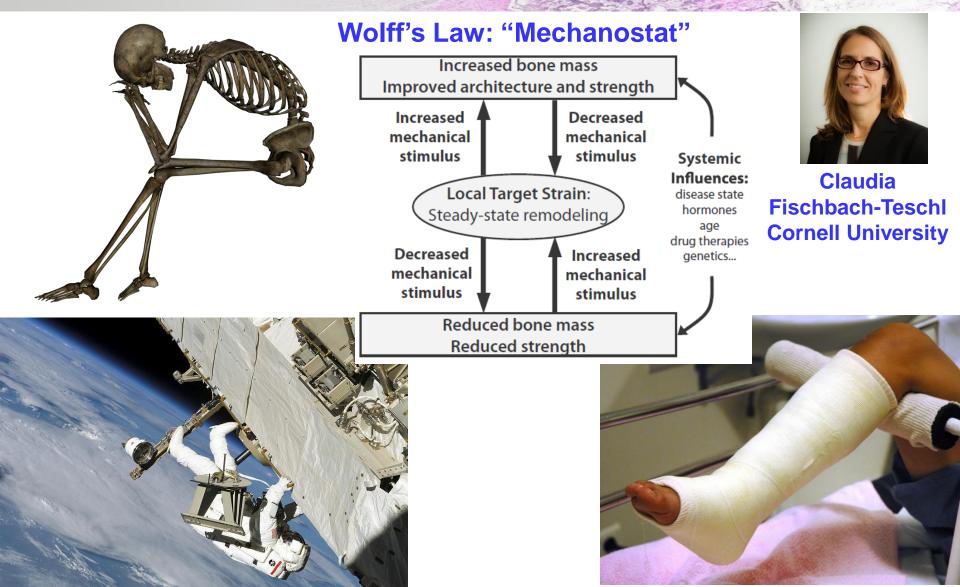


PS-OC Network (Phase I): Physical scientists & cancer researchers integrated at the start



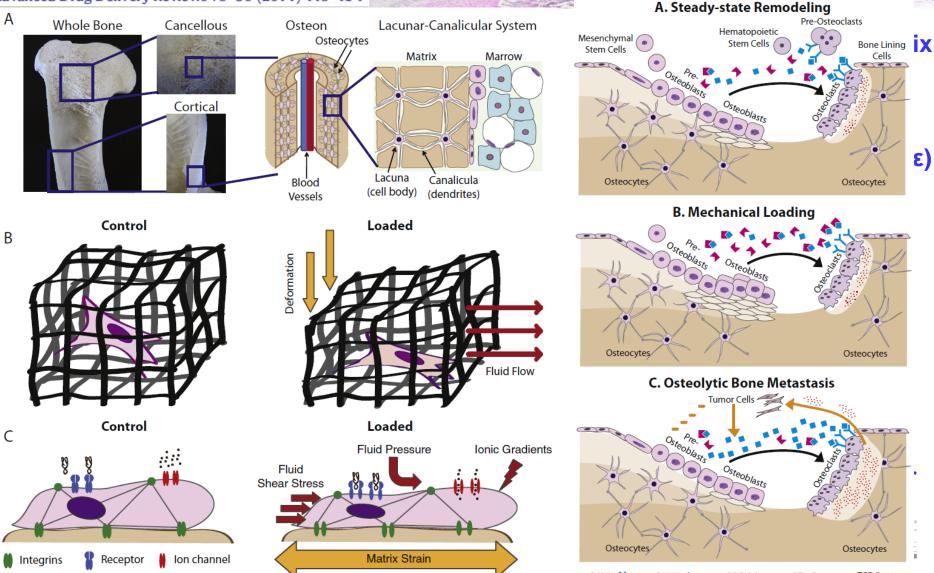
Acrospace Materials under Extreme Environment: Bone Metastasis





Biology and Engineering Considerations: Bone Metastasis

Advanced Drug Delivery Reviews 79-80 (2014) 119-134



RANK Y RANKL OPG M PTHrP – TGF- $\beta \leftrightarrow \phi \phi$

Physical Sciences-Oncology Network (PS-ON) (PS-OC) Program: PAR-14-169 (PS-OP) Program: NOT-CA-14-039 FY09 FY14 FY16

Pre-Award > RFA-CA09-009

PS-ON: PS-OC PAR-14-169/ PS-OP NOT-CA-14-039

Future

Current PS-OC Program:

- 12 U54 PS-OCs ~\$30M/year
- 100+ institutions and 600+ investigators worldwide

4 Themes:

- Physics (Physical Laws and Principles) of Cancer
- Evolution and Evolutionary Theory of Cancer
- Information Coding, Decoding, Transfer, and Translation in Cancer
- De-convoluting Cancer's Complexity

<u>Re-issuances of Physical Sciences-Oncology Initiative:</u> Physical Sciences-Oncology Network (PS-ON)

Two Programs (PAR):

- Physical Sciences Oncology Centers (PS-OCs): PAR-14-169
- Physical Sciences Oncology Projects (PS-OPs): NOT-CA-14-039
- 2 Themes (suggested):
 - The Physical Dynamics of Cancer
 - Spatial Organization and Cancer
- Competition under <u>Type 1 (New</u>)

Funding Mechanism:

- PS-OCs U54 up to \$1.5M (DC)/year (5 years max.)
- PS-OPs U01 up to \$0.5M (DC)/year (5 years max.) (Foreign Institutions are also welcome to apply)

PS-OC PAR Suggested Thematic Areas

Based on:

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3) Portfolio analysis of NCI portfolio;

4) NCI program leaders

in ONCO

- 1) Inputs from scientific workshops (75% external to PS-OC Program);
- 2) Scientific advances from program;

The Physical Dynamics of Cancer

- Overview: Physical properties such as bioelectric signals, transport phenomena, mechanical cues, and thermal fluctuations may regulate (+/-) the initiation and progression of cancer.
- Relevant Physical Science Approaches: Precision measurements on single-cells and bulk samples, high-dimensional analysis, computational physics

Spatio-Temporal Organization and Information Transfer in Cancer

- Overview: Organization of structures across all length scales (e.g., subcellular, cell, tissue, organ) and time scales is required for maintaining the transfer of information that is critical for controlled growth.
- Relevant Physical Science Approaches: Advanced imaging and measurements, tissue mimetic and engineering, computational physics

Announcement for Physical Sciences - Oncology Centers (PS-OC) PHYSICAL SCIENCES

Funding Opportunity Title Physical Sciences-Oncology Network (PS-ON): Physical Sciences-Oncology Centers (PS-OC) (U54)

Funding Opportunity Announcement (FOA) Number

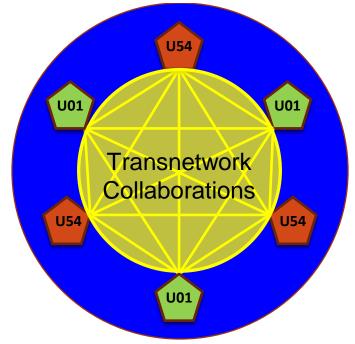
PAR-14-169

Application Due Date(s)

June 9, 2014

February 26, 2015 November 25, 2015





POC: Sean.Hanlon@nih.gov



Announcement for Physical Sciences - Oncology Projects (PS-OP)

Funding Opportunity Title

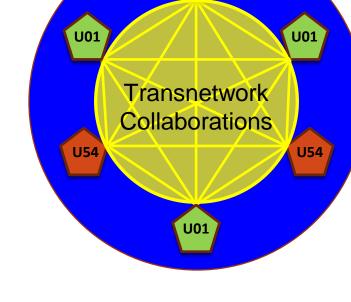
Physical Sciences-Oncology Network (PS-ON): Physical Sciences-Oncology Projects (PS-OP) (U01)

Funding Opportunity Announcement (FOA) Number PAR-15-021

Application Due Date(s)

February 26, 2015November 25, 2015May 26, 2016September 21, 2016May 26, 2017September 21, 2017





U54

POC: Nas.Kuhn@nih.gov



Reaching Across the "Other" Pond, Disciplines & Agencies: AFOSR Collaborations

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Peter Gunning Expertise: Cancer Biology



Paul Janmey UNIVERSIT Expertise: Mechano-biology



Elizabeth Gardiner

Expertise: Hematology



Laura Healy PhD student McCarty Lab Owen McCarty Expertise: Biomedical Engineering

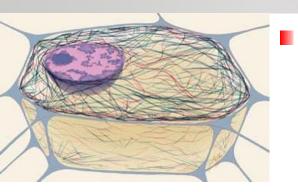








Collaboration between Peter Gunning, UNSW and Paul Janmey, UPenn



Cytoskeleton is filamentous network of polymers that controls a cell's shape, stiffness and ability to move. The cytoskeleton responds to the stiffness of the surface to which cells adhere, and this response is often altered in cancer cells.

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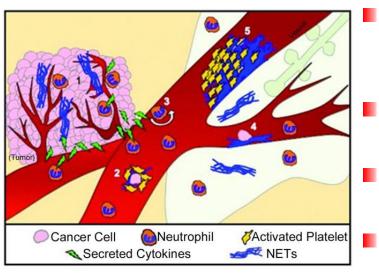
The Janmey lab has found that prostate cancer cells, in contrast, do not respond to substrate stiffness. They appear to maintain their stiff, spread phenotype even on very soft substrates.



- The Gunning lab has found that a specific cytoskeletal protein, tropomyosin 4 (TPM4), is abnormally highly expressed in prostate cancer cells, and its expression is sufficient to make these cells stiffer than normal.
- Their collaboration seeks to establish a causal link between TPM expression and altered prostate cancer cell mechanobiology, and to test small molecule reagents developed by Gunning that inhibit the deleterious effects of TPM4.

Collaboration between Elizabeth Gardiner, Monash and Owen McCarty, OHSU

Regulation of Tumor Biology by the Blood Microenvironment



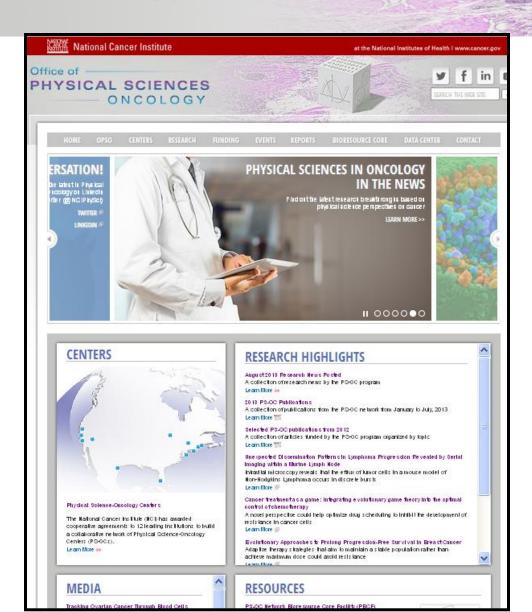
- Netosis is a form of cell death in which neutrophils secrete their DNA to bind pathogen in extracellar traps (NETs)
- Blood platelets have been shown to induce NETs formation and promote thrombosis
- In vitro and in vivo work suggests that NETs may play a role in cancer-associated thrombosis
- The platelet secretome the proinflammatory milieu secreted upon platelet activation, has been shown to promote cancer metastasis.

Goal: Define the role of the platelet secretome in the cross-talk between platelets, neutrophils and tumor cells underlying metastasis and cancerassociated thrombosis.



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Learn More about NCI Physical Sciences in Oncology Initiative



http://physics.cancer.gov

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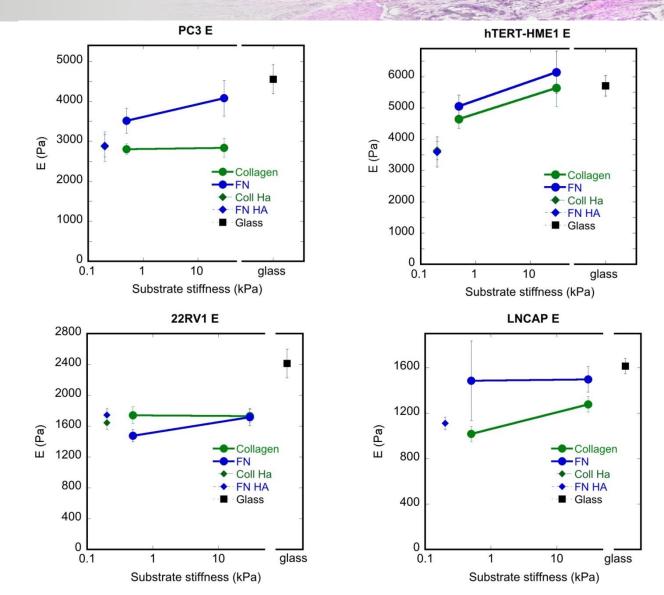






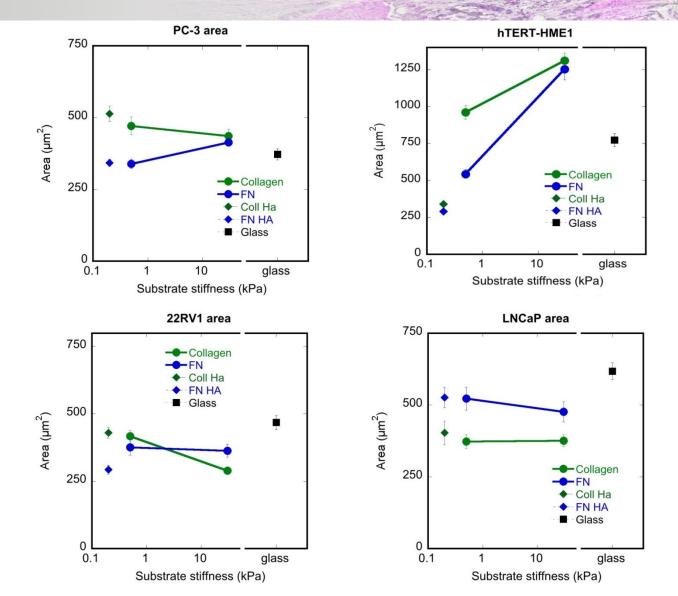
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Prostate cancer cell lines do not change stiffness in response to substrate stiffness



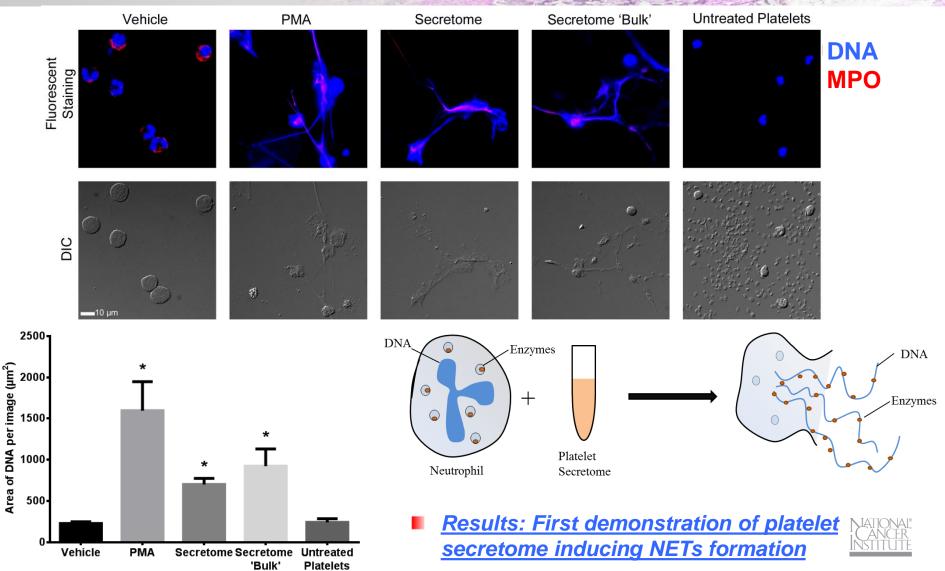


Prostate cancer cell lines do not change area in response to substrate stiffness





Visualization of NETs



Outcomes

- Transferred the knowledge of platelet secretome assay from the Gardiner lab (Australia) to the McCarty lab (US)
- Transferred the knowledge of NETs formation assay to the Gardiner lab (Australia) from the McCarty lab (US)
- Planned future experiments to combine these approaches to determine the role of cross-talk between platelets and neutrophils in metastasis & cancer-associated thrombosis
- Opportunity: funding to support Laura Healy to spend a year in the Gardiner lab
- Drs. McCarty and Gardiner organized and spoke in a special session on the Physical Biology of Thrombus Formation at the 2015 Experimental Biology Meeting (Boston, MA, Apr 2015)
- Laura Healy and Drs. Gardiner and McCarty will generate an abstract for submission to the 2015 Society of Leukocyte Biology meeting (Chapel Hill, NC, Sep 2015)



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