

2024 Human Performance and Biosystems Program Review

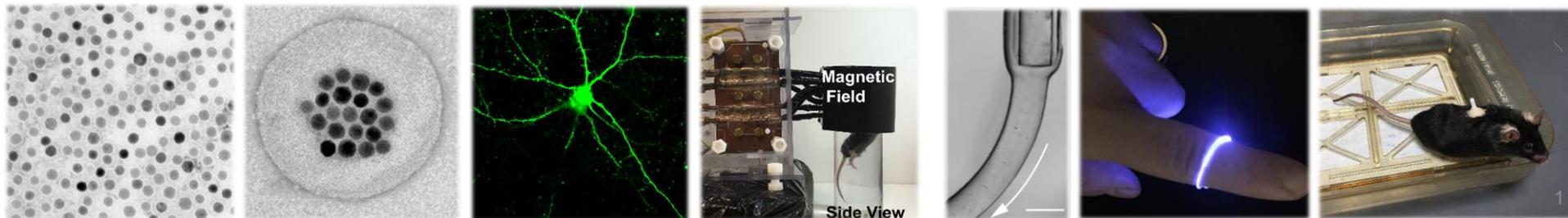
Dr. Patrick Bradshaw | October 22-24, 2024 | Arlington, VA

Non-invasive Cell-type-specific Magnetic Neural Modulation

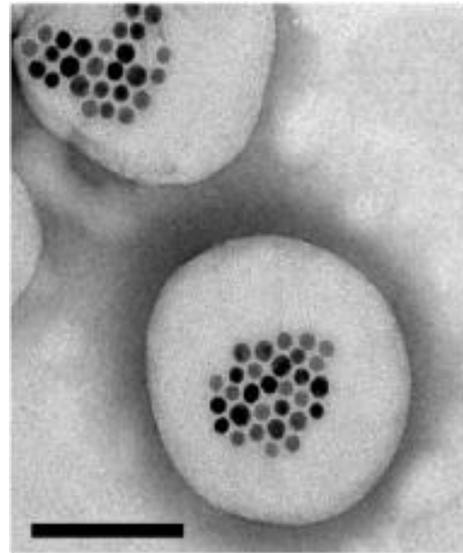
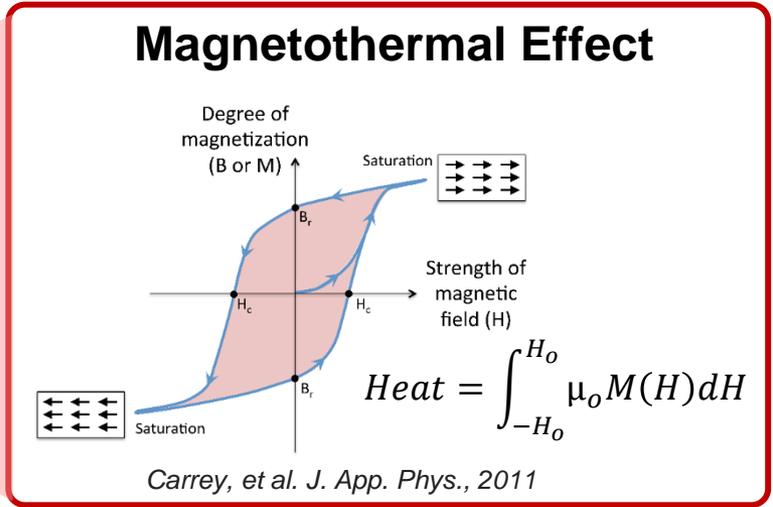
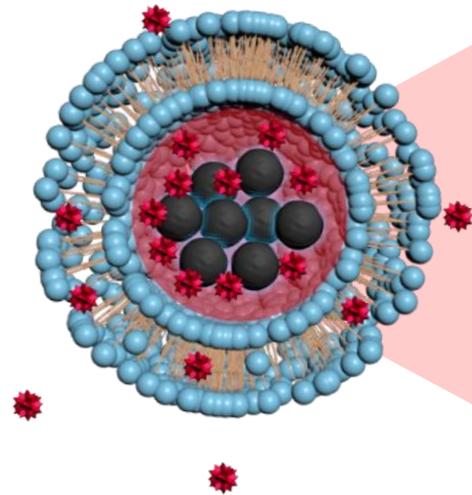
Siyuan Rao, Ph.D

Assistant Professor, Department of Biomedical Engineering
Binghamton University, State University of New York

October 24, 2024

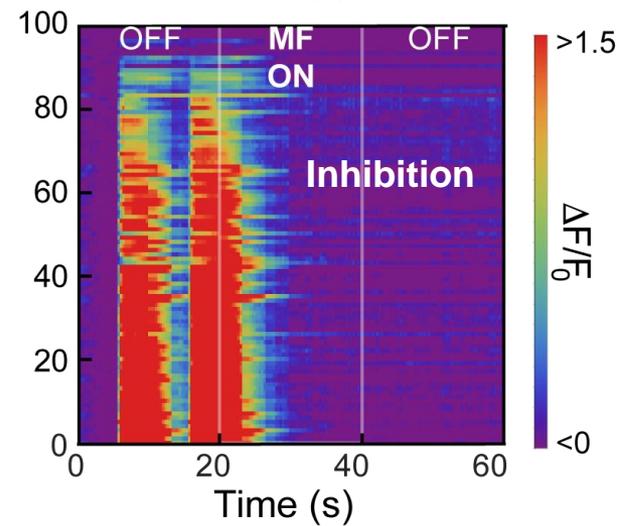
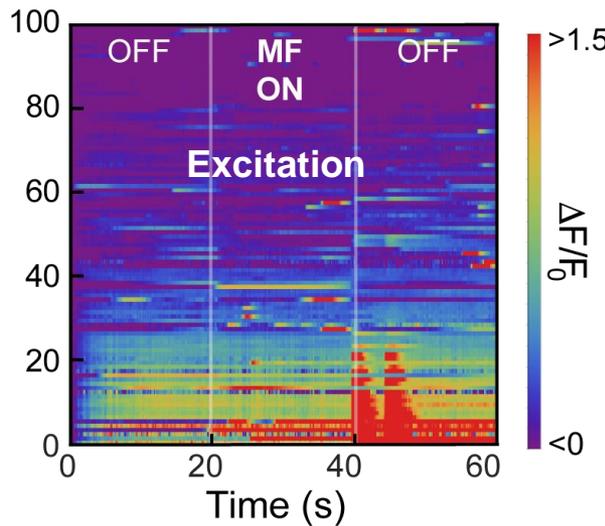
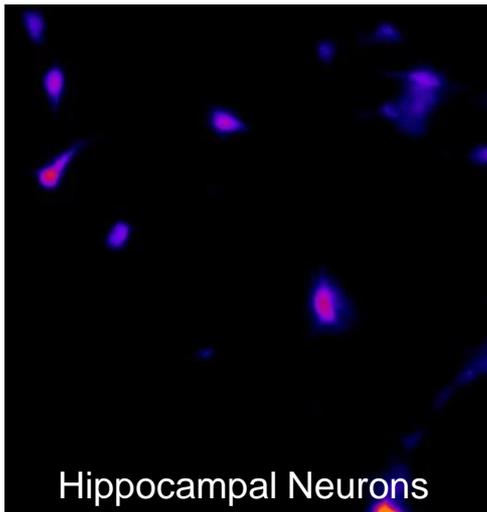


Chemomagnetic Neural Modulation



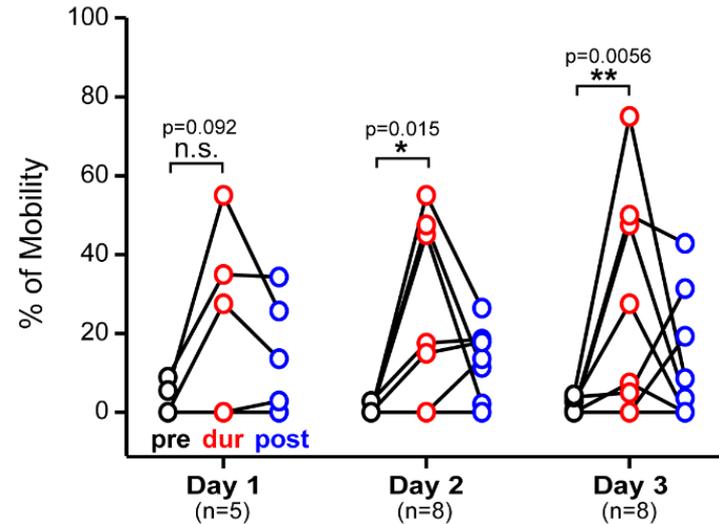
scale bar: 200 nm

Magnetic: **remotely control, non-invasive, whole-brain coverage**

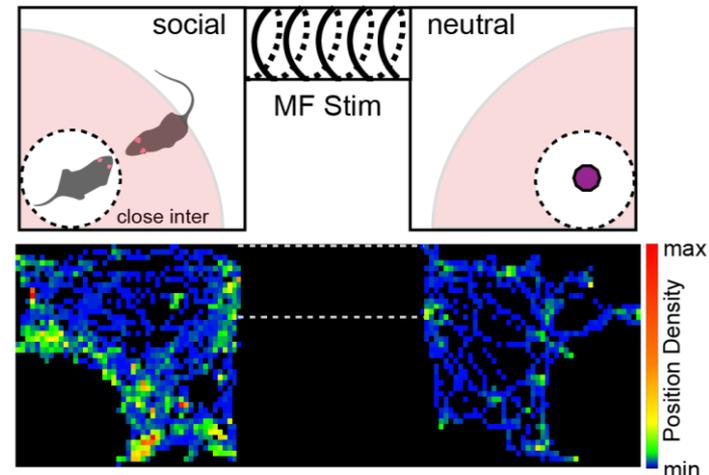
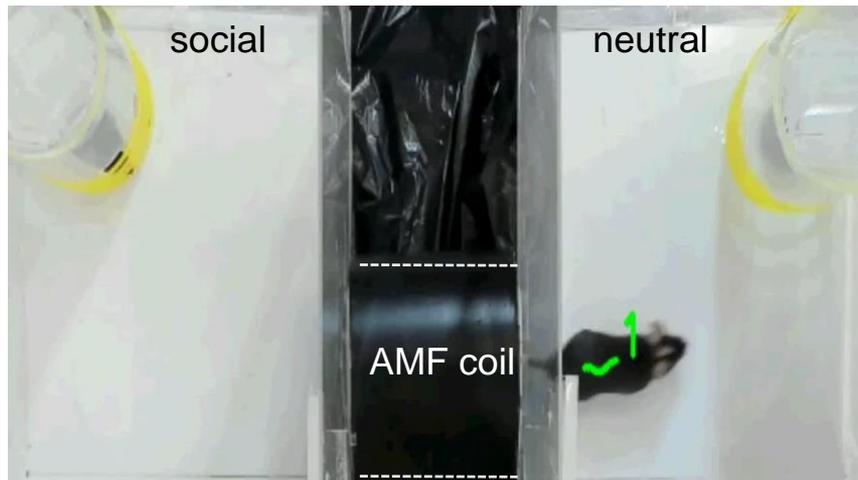


Magnetic Neural Modulation in Behaving Mice

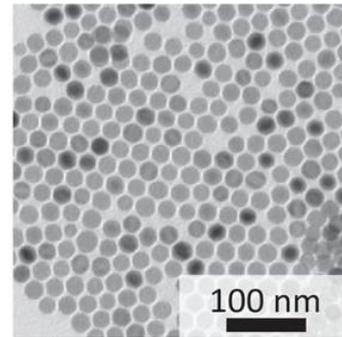
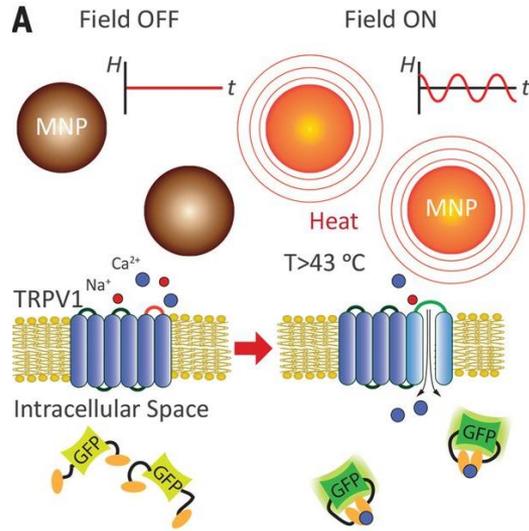
Depression-like behaviors: forced swimming tests



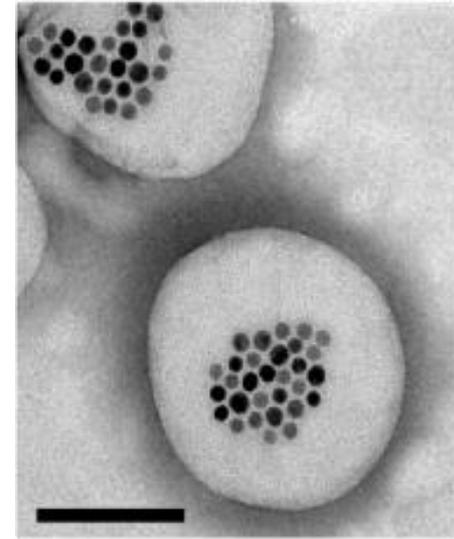
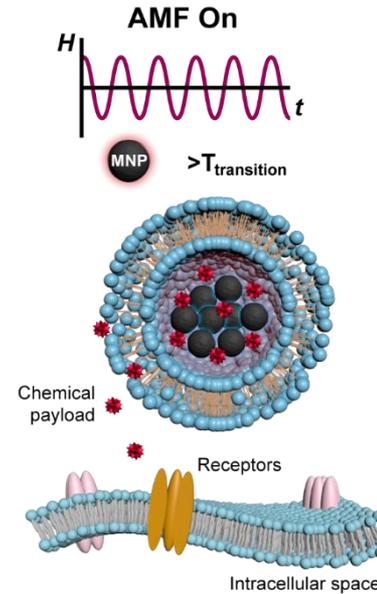
Autistic-like behaviors: social interactions



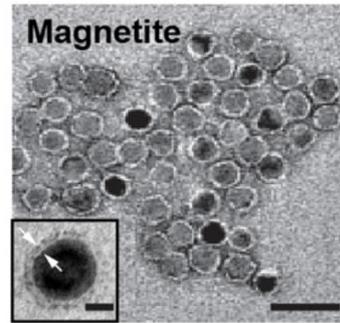
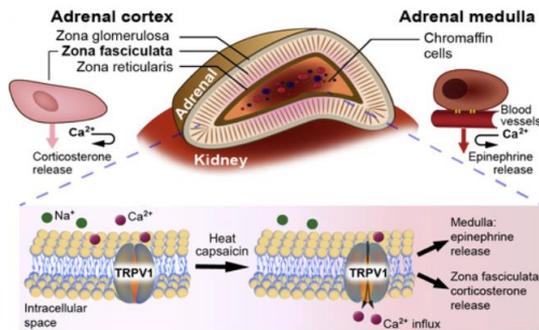
Challenges of Magnetic Neural Modulation



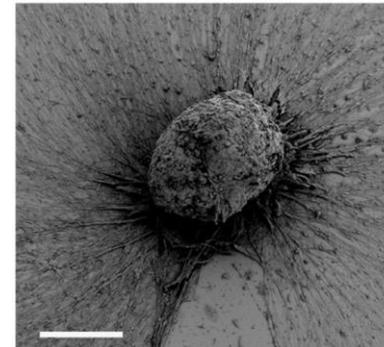
Chen, et.al, Science, 2015



Rao, et.al, Nat. Nanotech. 2019



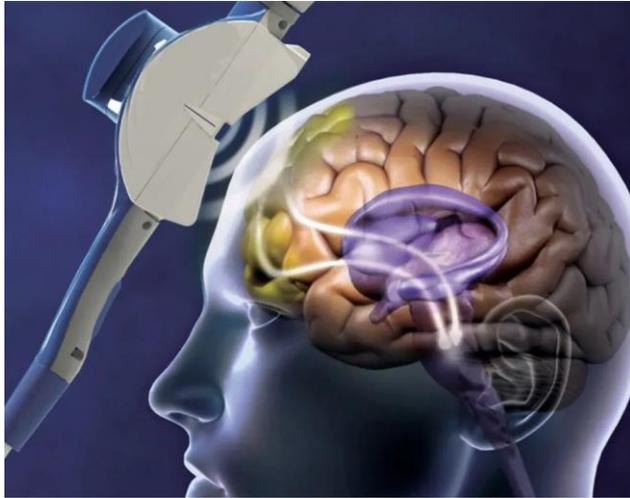
Rosenfeld et. al, Sci. Adv., 2020



Gregurec, et.al, ACS Nano, 2020

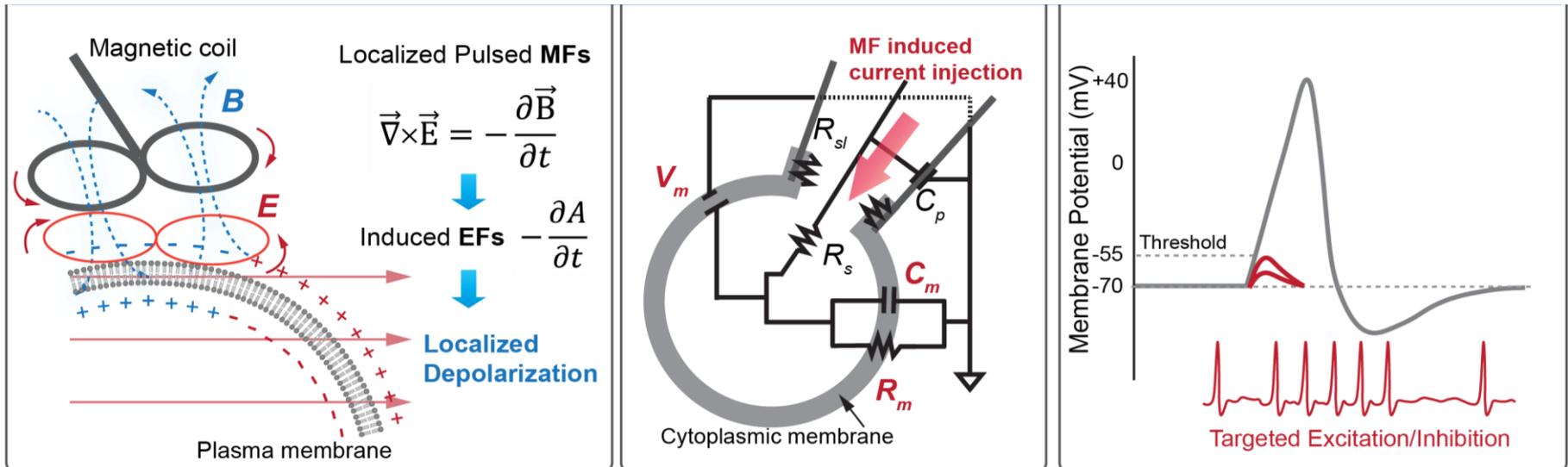
- **Specificity** depends on thermo/mechanical/chemical responsive receptors
- **Magnetic nanomaterials delivery**

Non-invasive Magnetic Stimulation

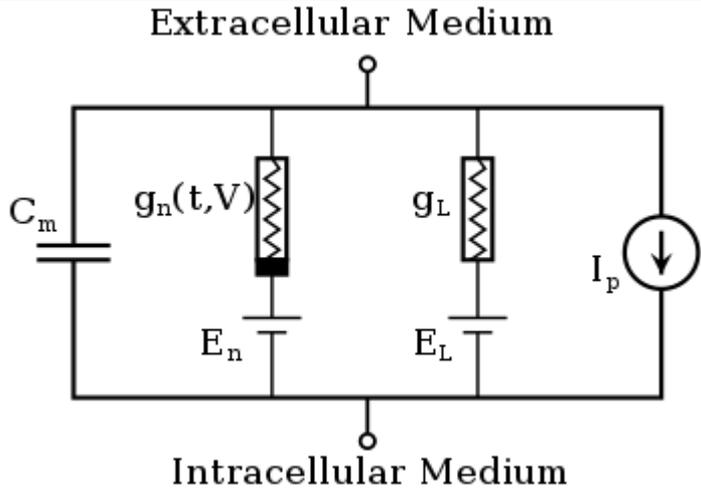


<https://www.spineandneurosurgery.com/service/transcranial-magnetic-stimulation>

- **Promising clinical evidence:** treatment on major depressive disorder (depression), pain management
- **Lack** of spatial precision and cell-type specificity
- Unclear mechanisms



Cell-type-specific Magnetic Neural Modulation



$$I = C_m \frac{dV_m}{dt} + g_K(V_m - V_K) + g_{Na}(V_m - V_{Na}) + g_l(V_m - V_l)$$

Hodgkin-Huxley model

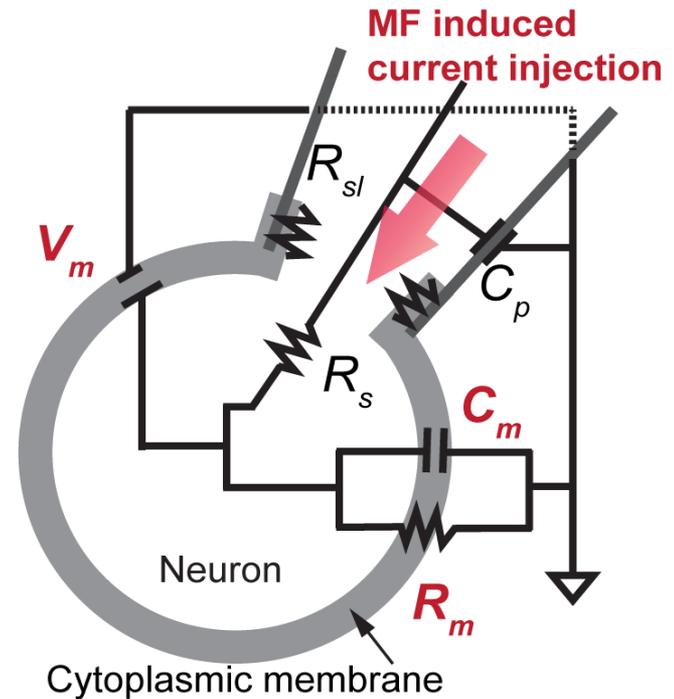
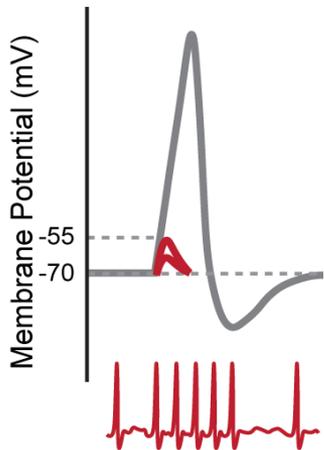


Non-channel protein regulating membrane passive properties:

- C_m
- R_m
- V_m

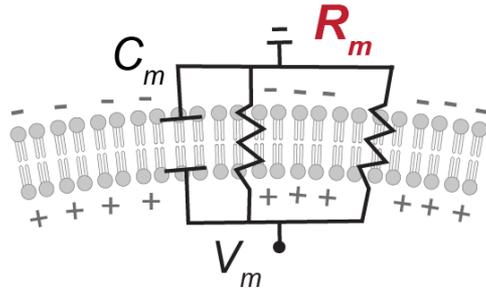
Membrane passive properties

C_m R_m V_m



Membrane Passive Properties and Neural Activity

Membrane resistance



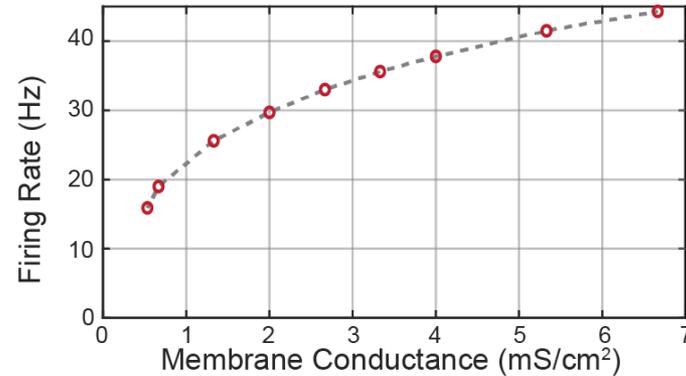
Inhibition

Slower firing rate

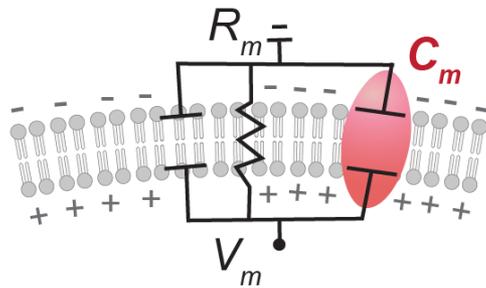
$$R_m \rightarrow \tau_m$$

Higher firing rate

Excitation



Membrane capacitance



Inhibition

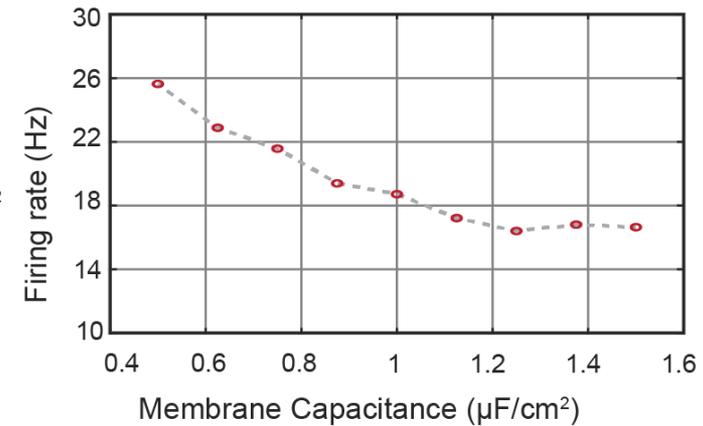
Slower charging

$$d \rightarrow C_m \text{ } 1 \mu\text{F/cm}^2$$

$$k \rightarrow C_m$$

Faster charging

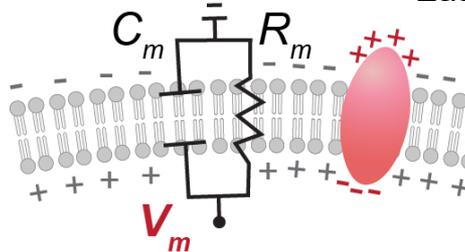
Excitation



Membrane potential

Excitation

Easier for depolarization

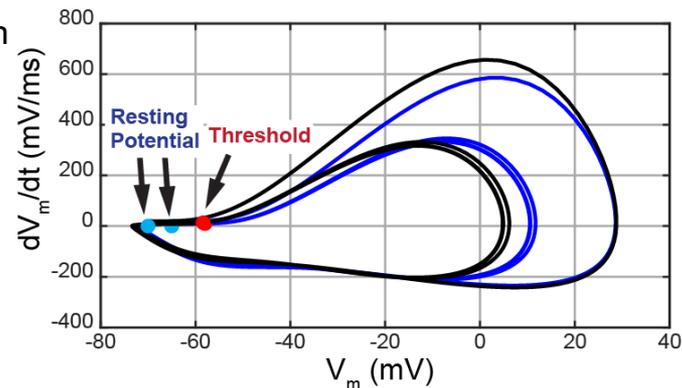


-55 mV

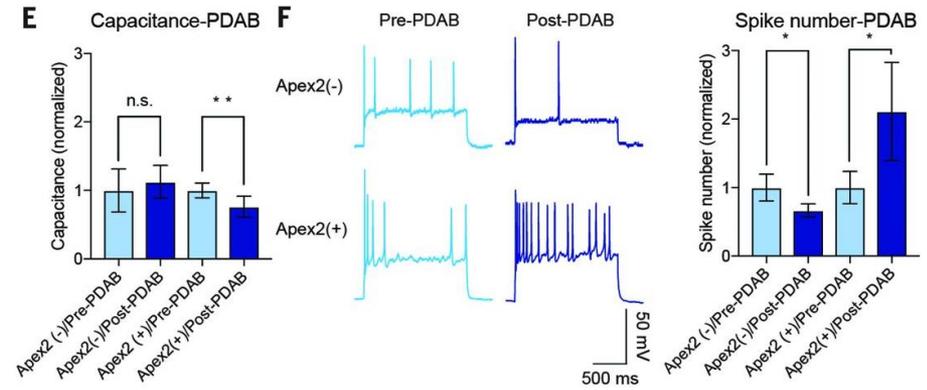
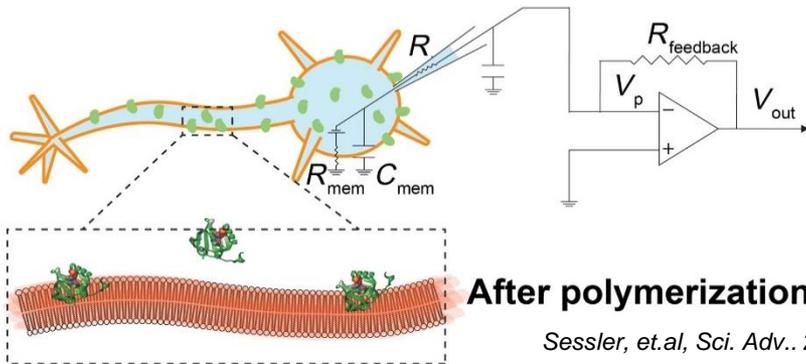
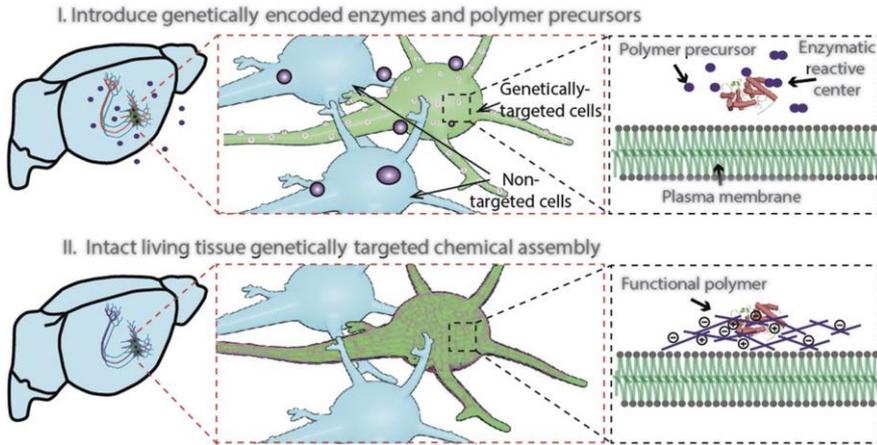
-70 mV

Hyperpolarization

Inhibition



Membrane Modification

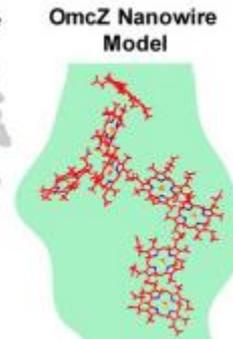
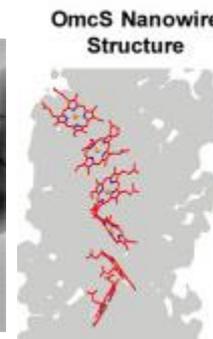
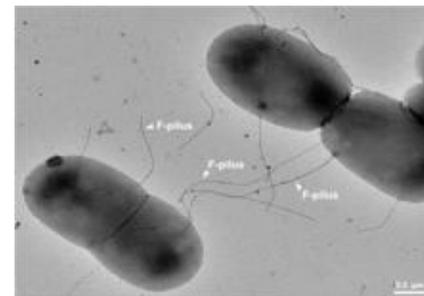
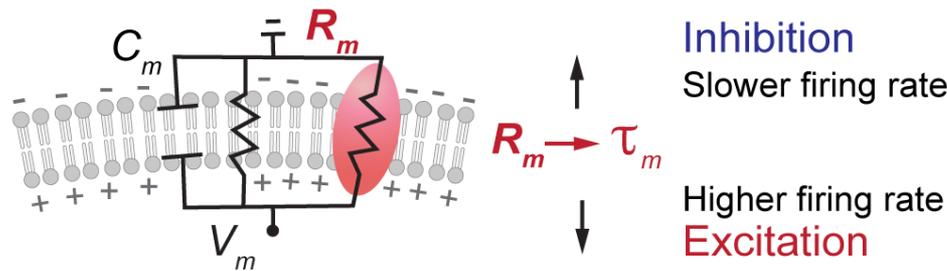


Liu, et.al, Science. 2020

- Genetically encoded enzyme enabled polymerization
- Optogenetic polymerization and assembly of electrically functional polymers

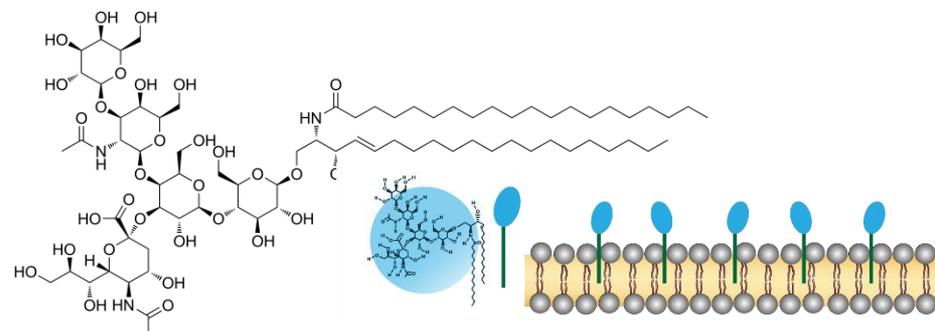
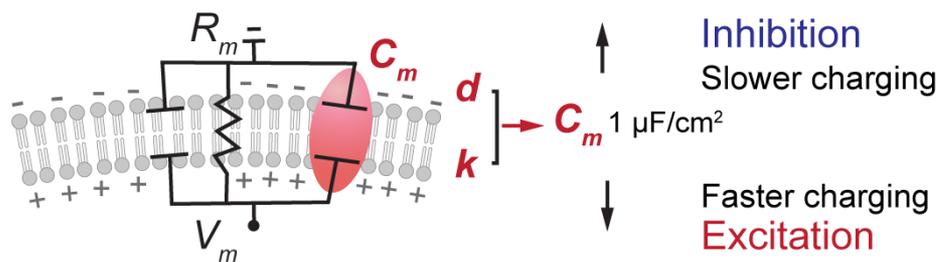
Question: engineering neuron membrane properties through genetic approaches

Aim 1: Toolkit to Regulate Membrane Properties

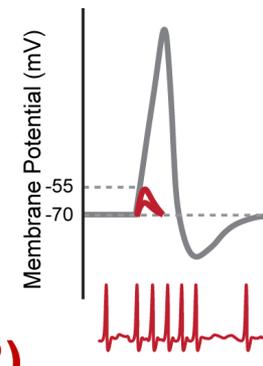
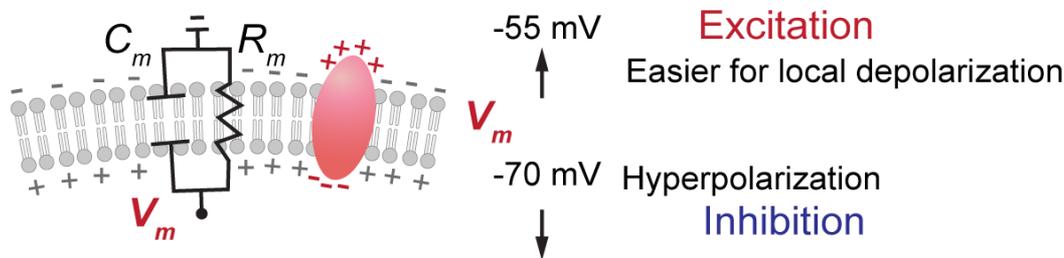


pilA, OmcZ, OmcS (*Geobacteria* nanowires)

Current opinion in chemical biology 59 (2020): 193-201

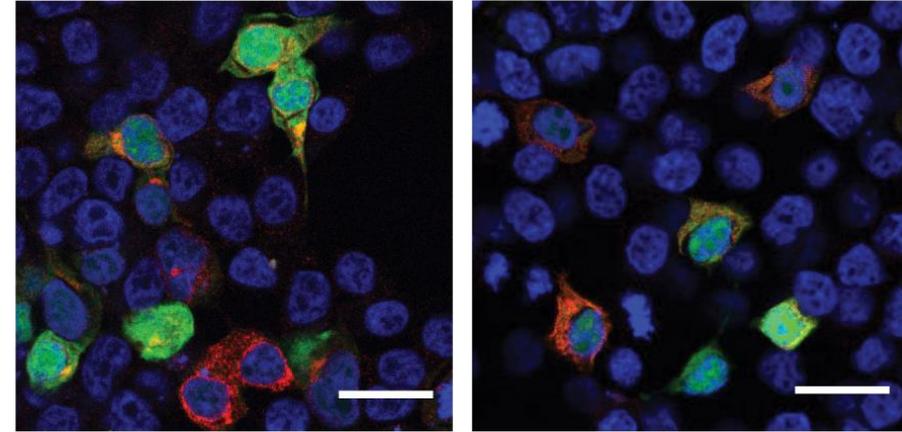


Gangliosides (sialic acid-containing glycosphingolipids: GM1)

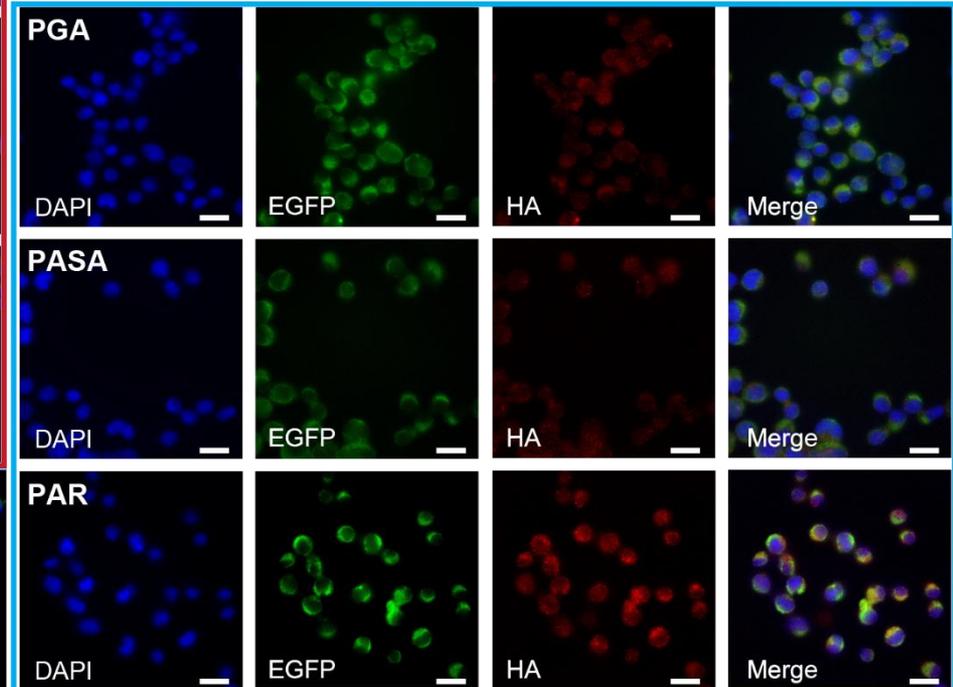
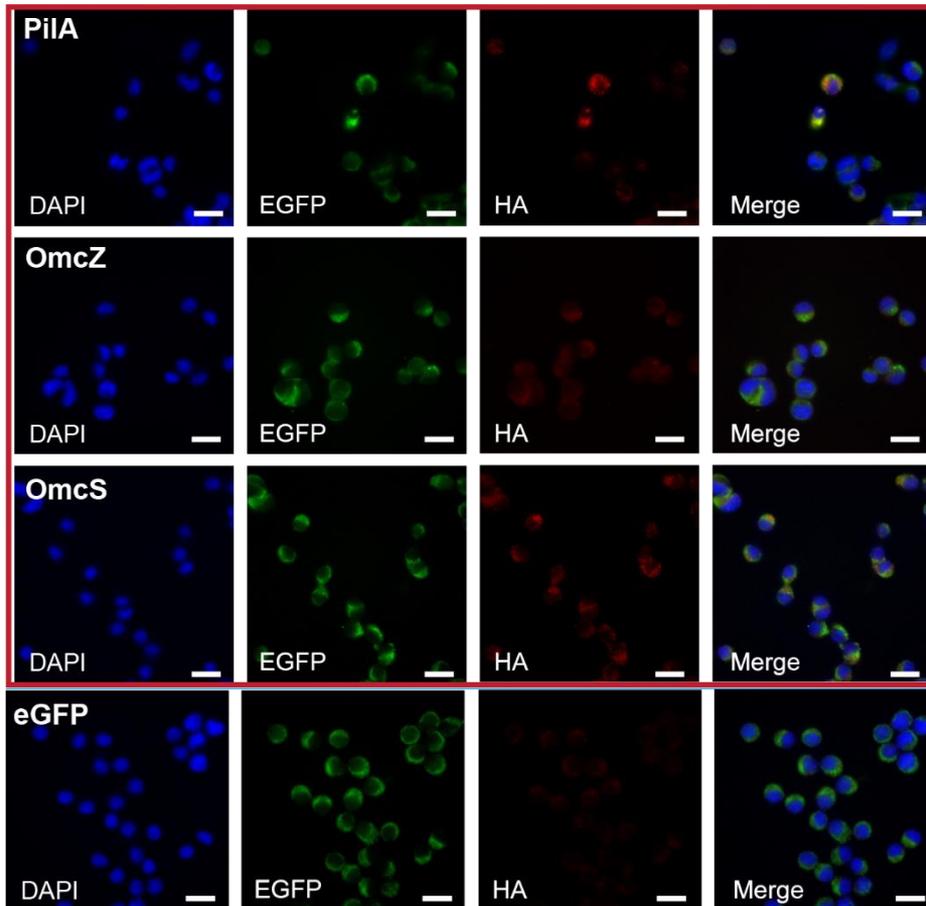


Polyglutamic acid (PGA), Polyaspartic acid (PASA), Polyarginine (PAR)

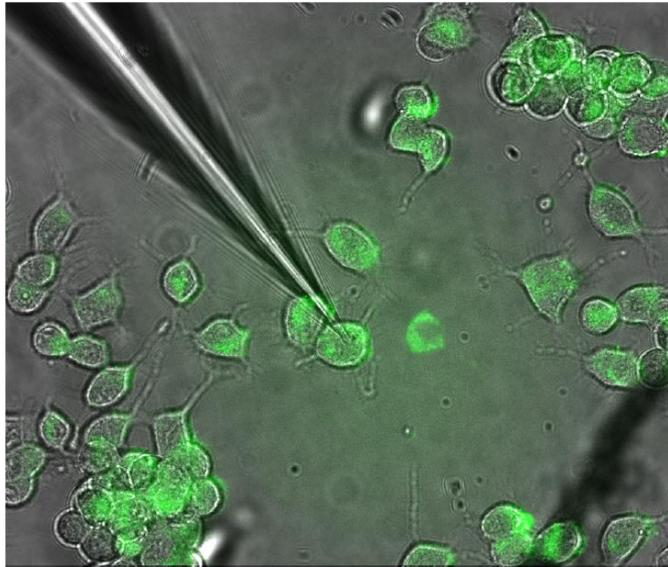
Aim 1: Membrane-targeted Expression



PiIA-HA eGFP DAPI OmcZ-HA eGFP DAPI

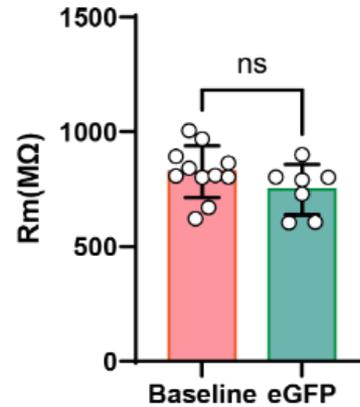


Aim 2: Characterize Membrane Properties

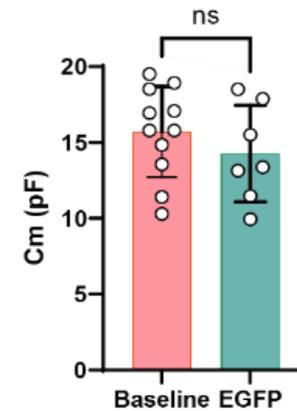


Neuo2A (ATCC® CCL-131)
w/ *piA* expression

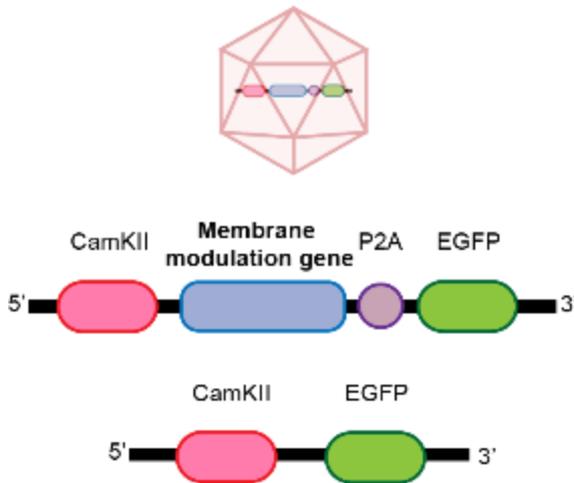
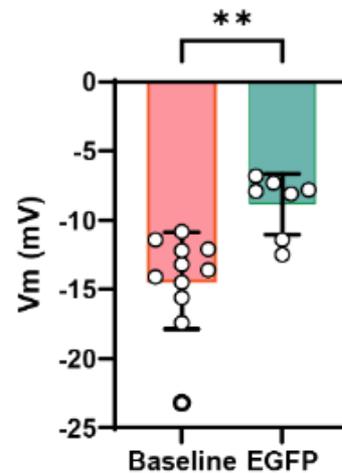
Membrane resistance



Membrane capacitance

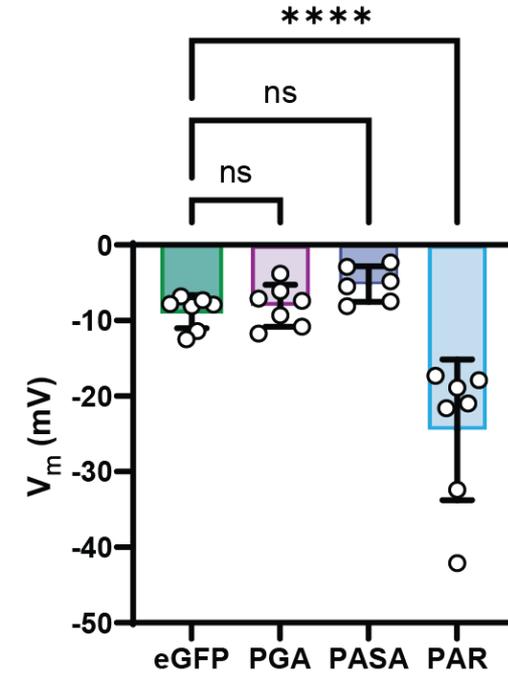
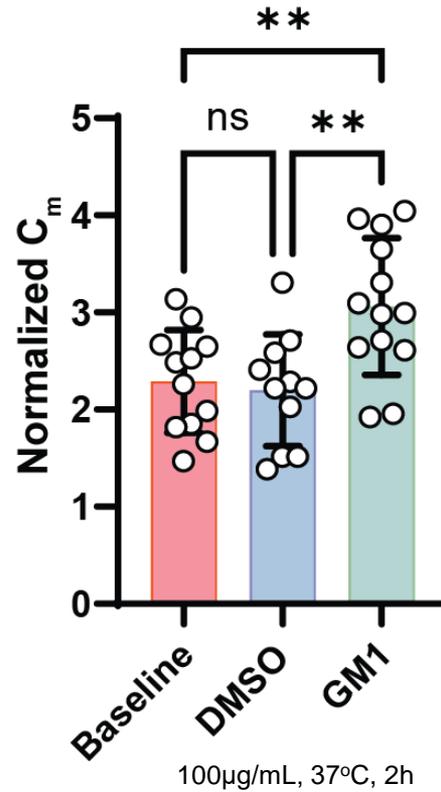
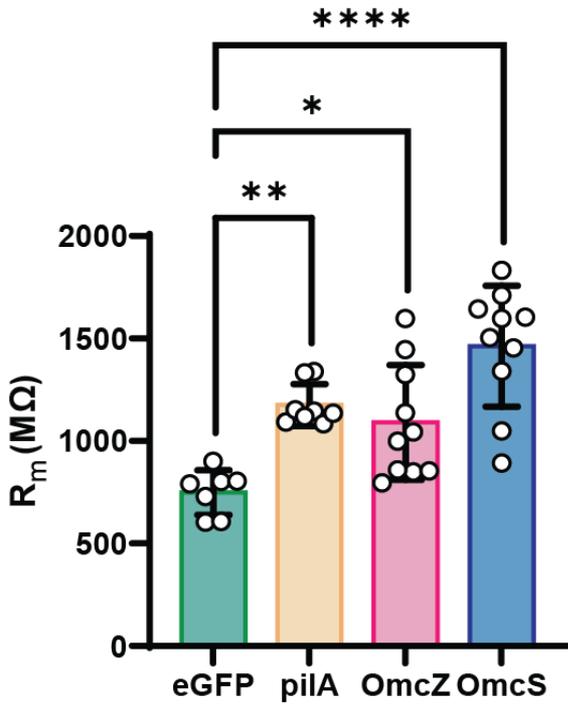


Resting potential

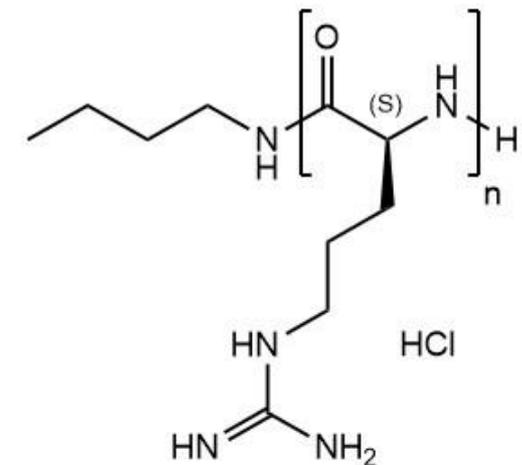


- AAV infection efficiently introduce membrane protein expression
- R_m and C_m remain unchanged
- V_m increased

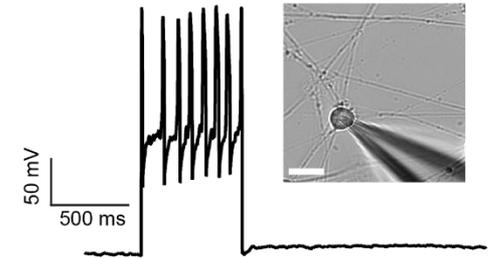
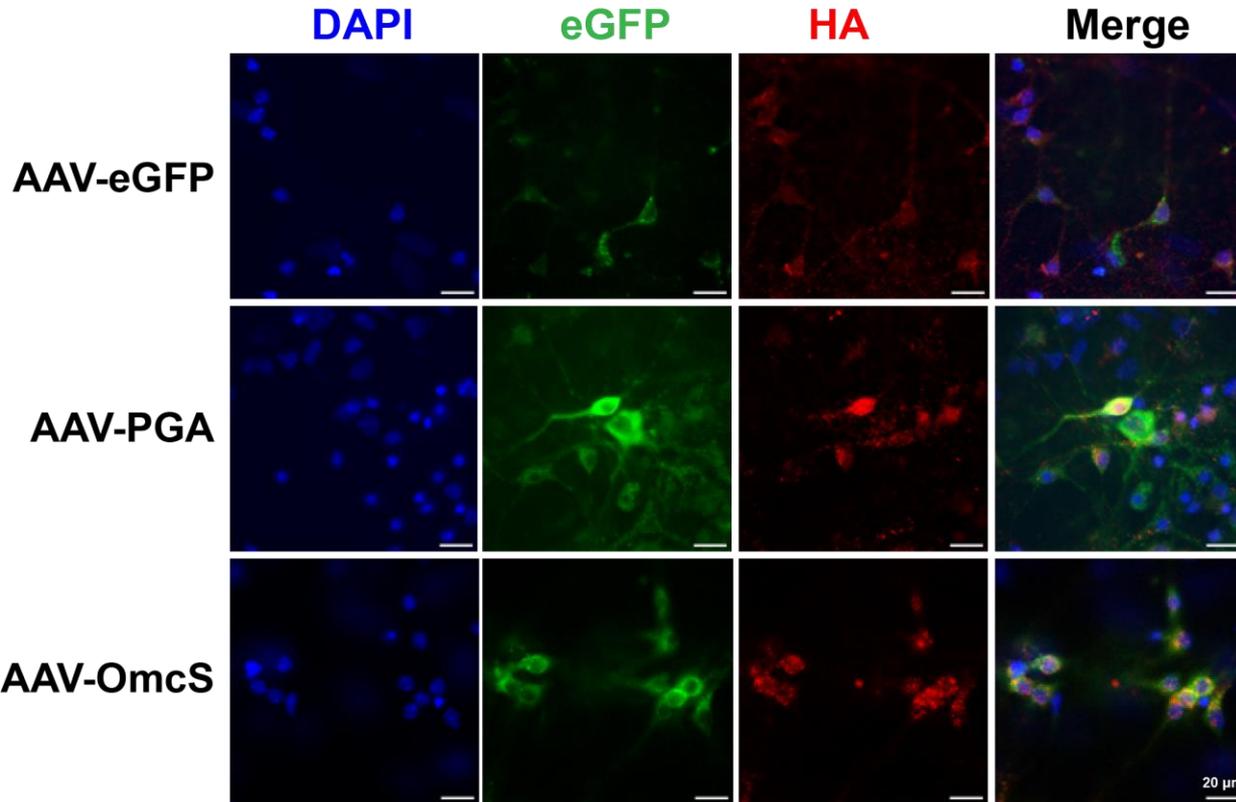
Aim 2: Characterize Membrane Properties



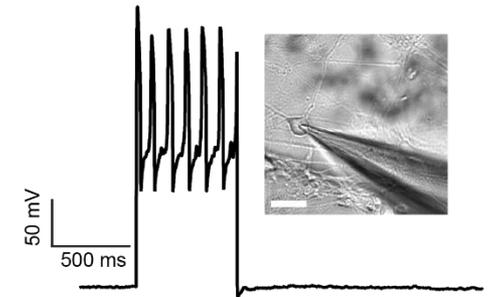
- GM1 incubation increased C_m
- Polyarginine (PAR) is highly positively charged
- Expressed on the extracellular side



Aim 2: Characterize Membrane Properties

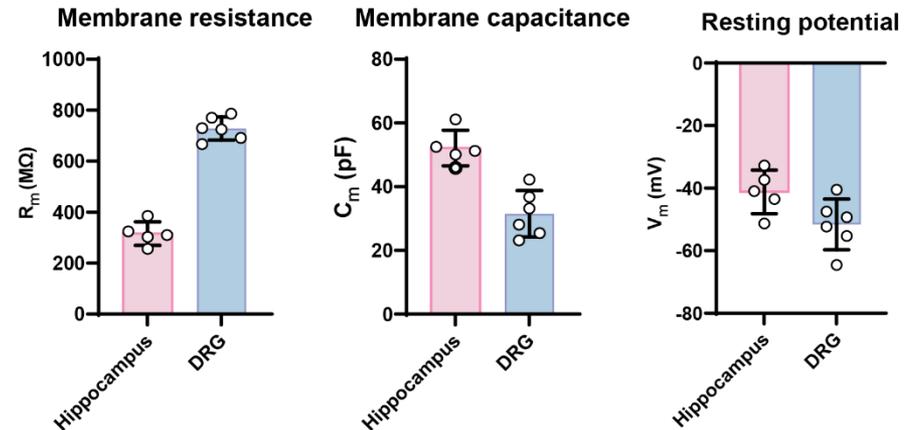


Mouse dorsal root ganglia

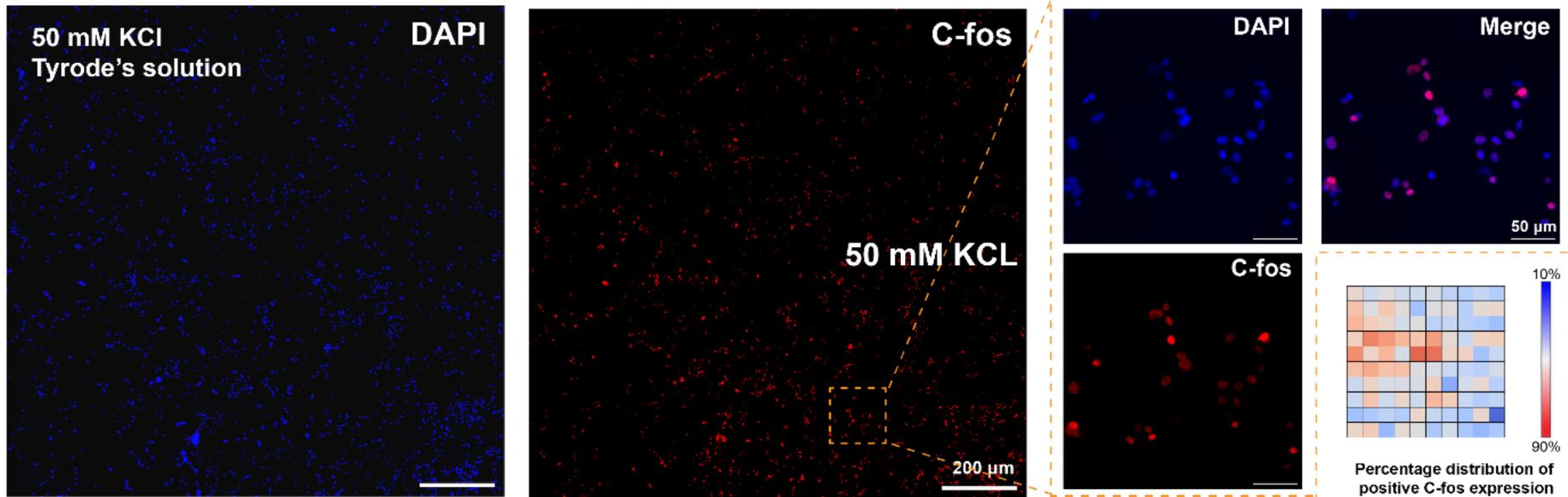
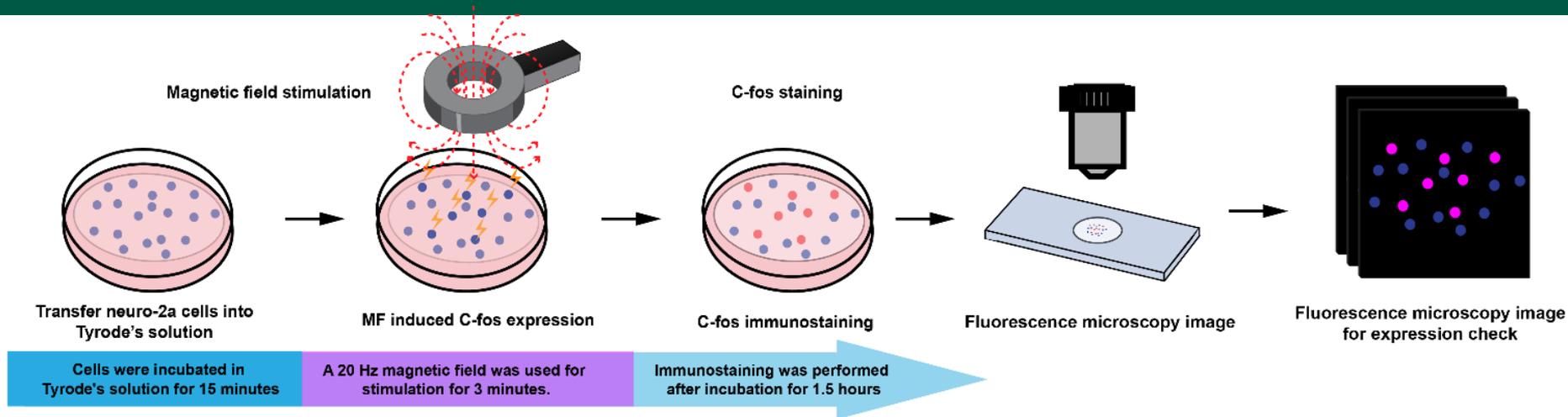


Mouse hippocampal neurons

- AAV infected mouse hippocampus neuron cultures
- Membrane-targeted expression

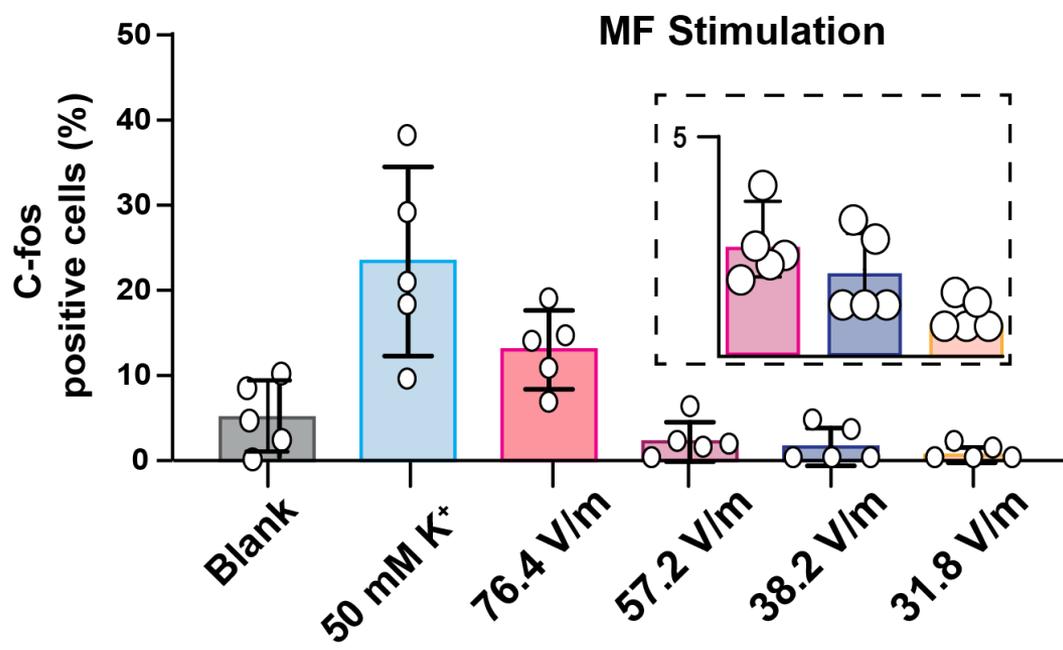
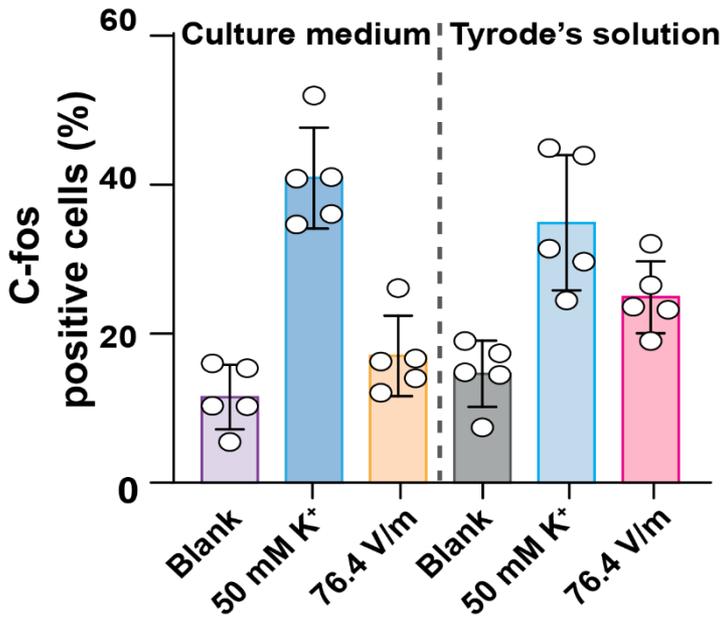
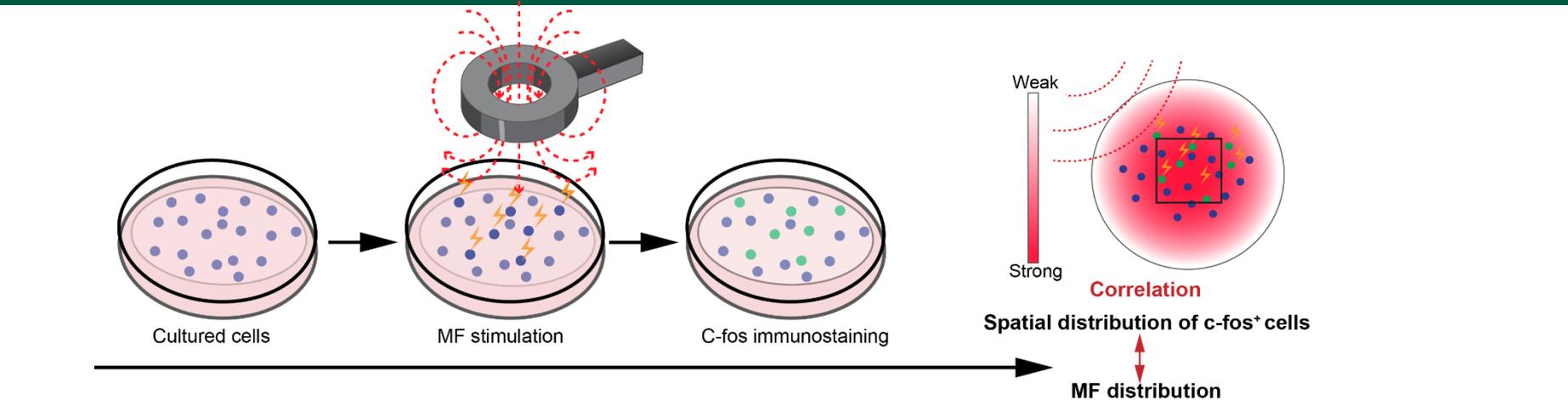


Aim 3: MF-evoked Neural Activity



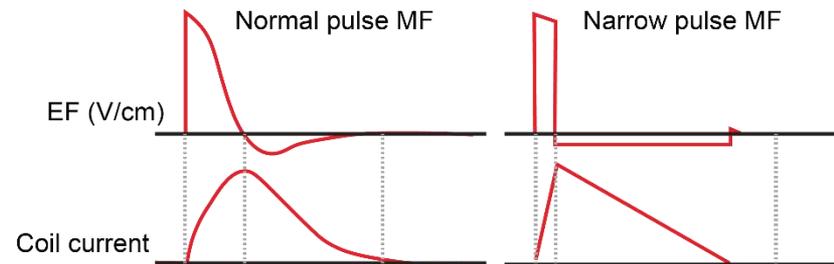
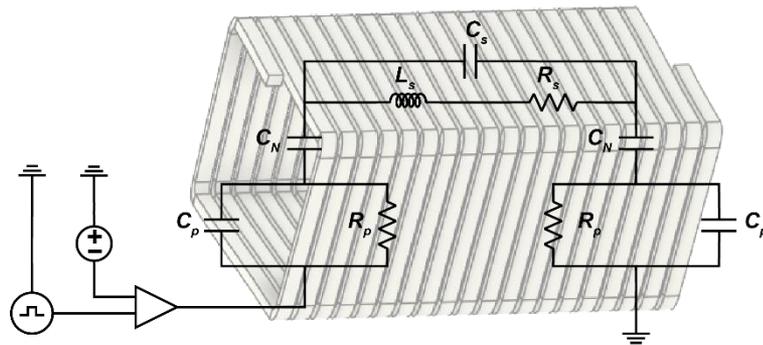
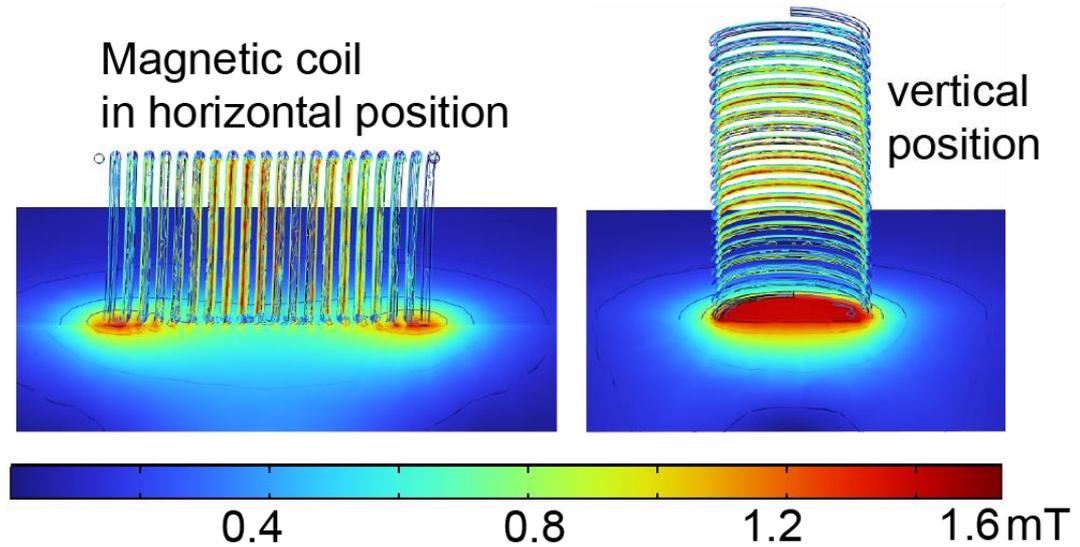
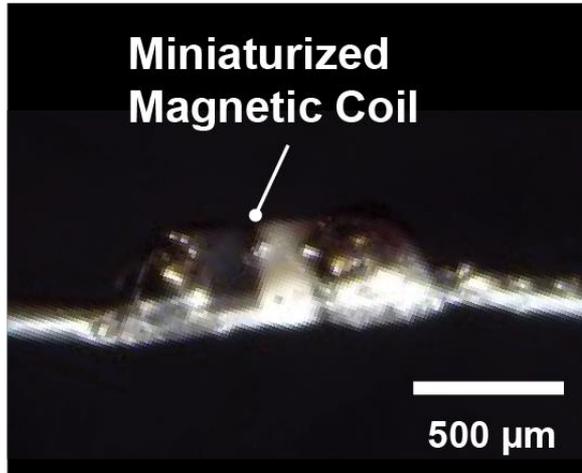
- C-fos: an immediate early gene (IEG) to reflect neuron activity
- Immunohistology and fluorescent microscopy

Aim 3: MF-evoked Neural Activity



- Large MF coverage to stimulation neural population
- C-fos expression correlation with MF strength and distribution

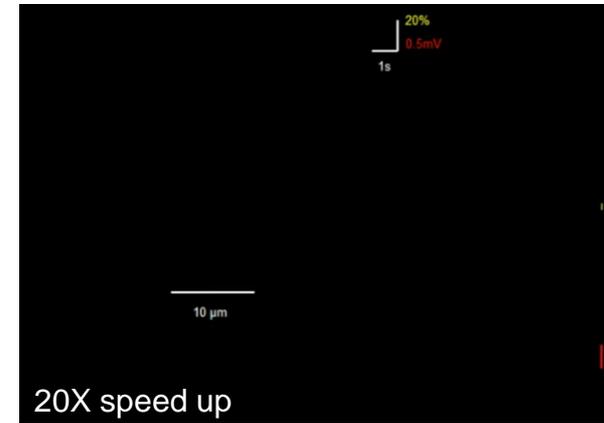
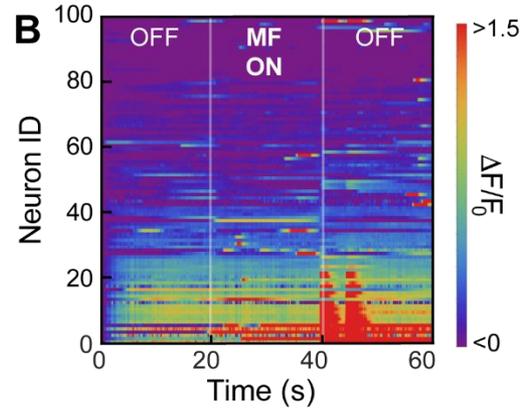
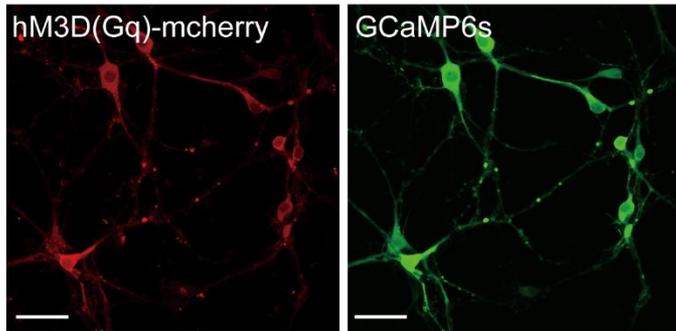
Aim 3: MF-evoked Neural Activity



- Single-cell-size magnetic coil design
- Specific stimulation locations: soma, axon hillock, axon terminals

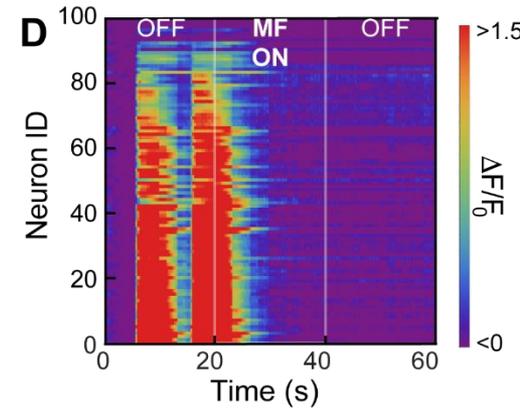
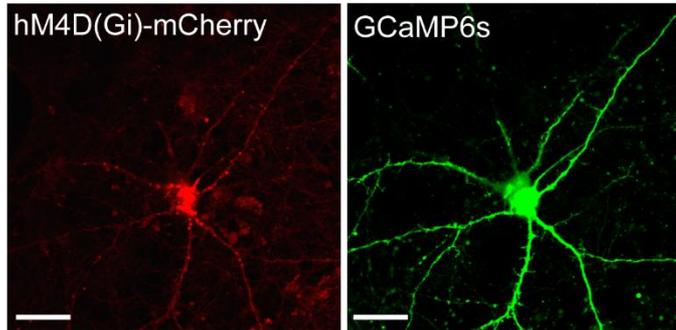
Aim 3: MF-compatible Imaging

A

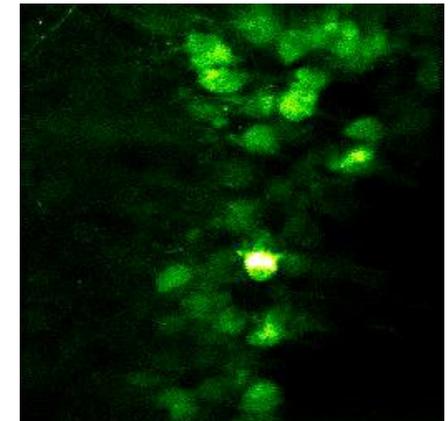


Chen, et. al., Nature, 2013

C



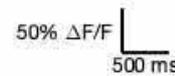
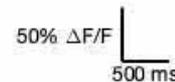
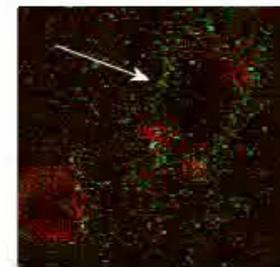
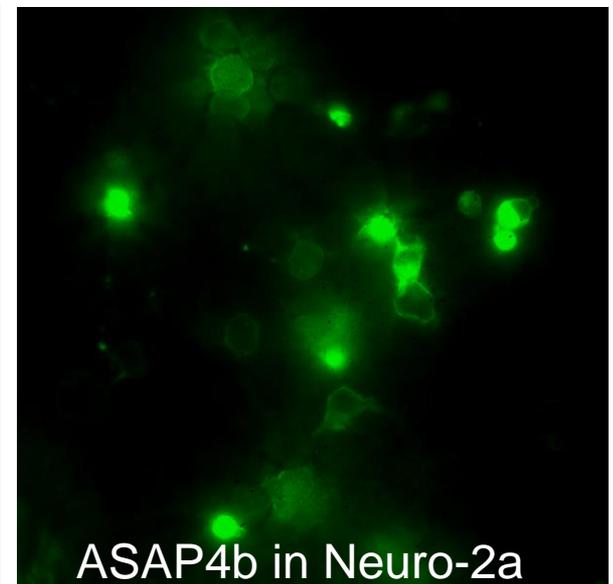
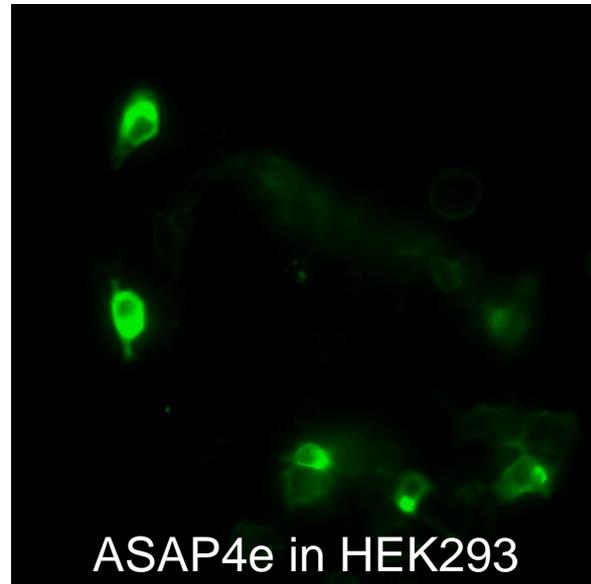
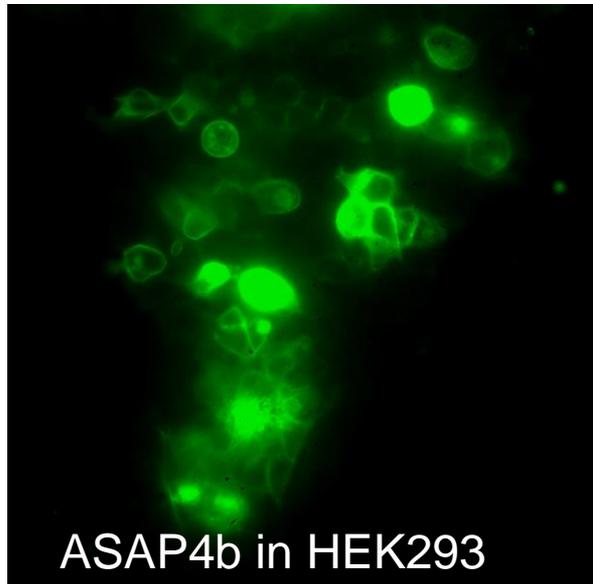
Rao, et.al, Nat. Nanotech. 2019



Video courtesy of Dr. Lei Jin at MIT

- GCaMP imaging along with AMF (~kHz, 50 mT) stimulation
- Calcium influx as a proxy of neuron activity

Aim 3: MF-compatible Imaging



- A positively tuned voltage indicator
- Challenges in voltage imaging

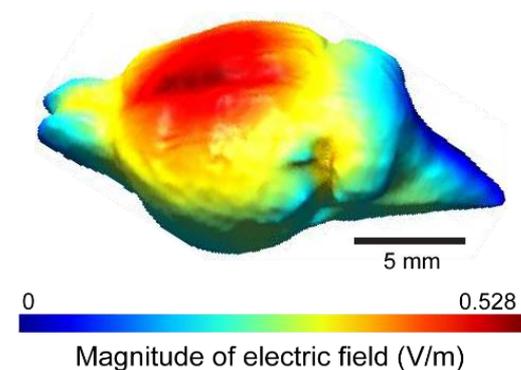
Experimental Plans

In vitro mechanistic study:

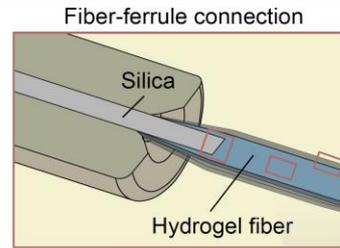
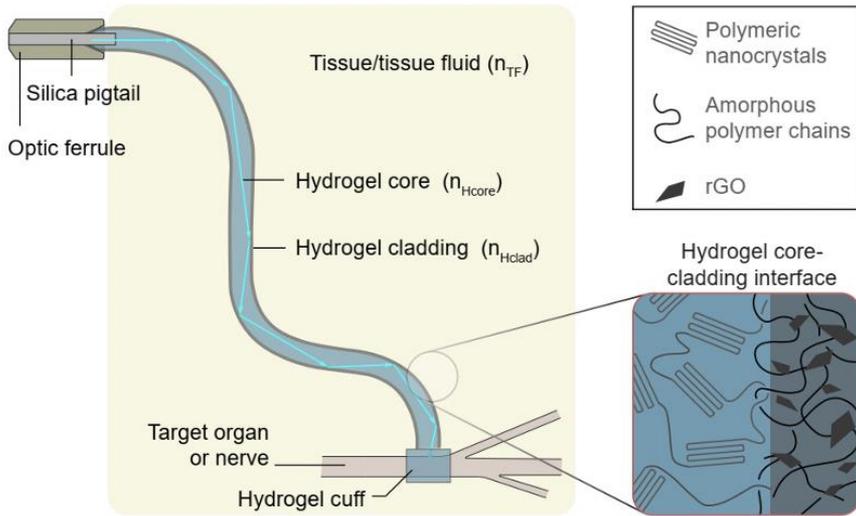
1. Systematically characterize membrane properties changes on hippocampal and DRG neurons
2. Quantify neural excitability
3. Validate patch clamp associated with magnetic stimulation
4. Characterize the specificity of neural excitability with targeted cells

In vivo transcranial magnetic stimulation in mice:

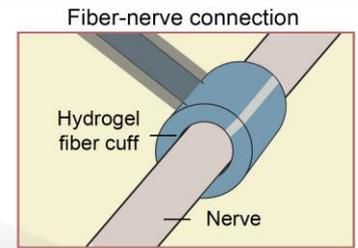
1. AAV-assisted expression
2. Quantify specificity of neural excitation under pulsed magnetic fields



Motion-adaptive Hydrogel Fiber Optics



Fatigue-resistant fiber



Motion-adaptable contact

Silica-hydrogel interface



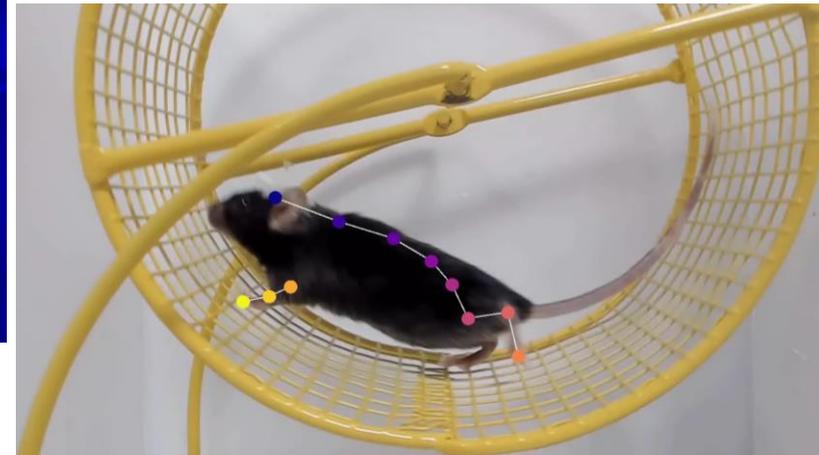
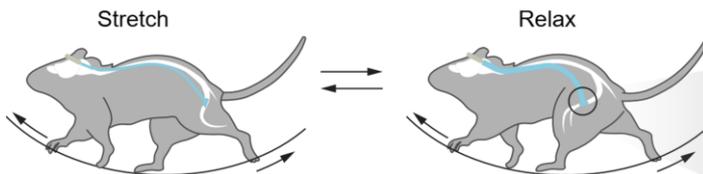
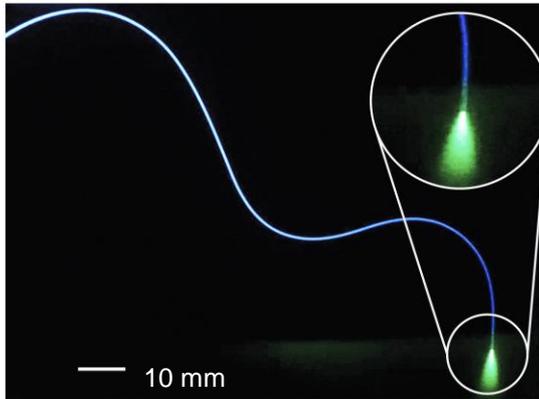
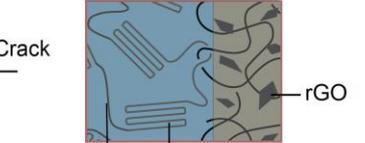
Crack pinned by nanocrystalline domains

Bulk hydrogel fiber



Crack pinned by nanocrystalline domains

Hydrogel core-cladding interface

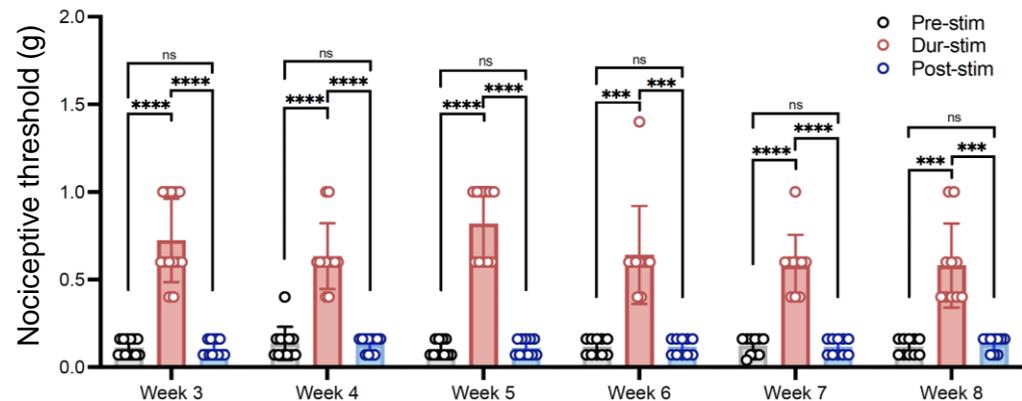
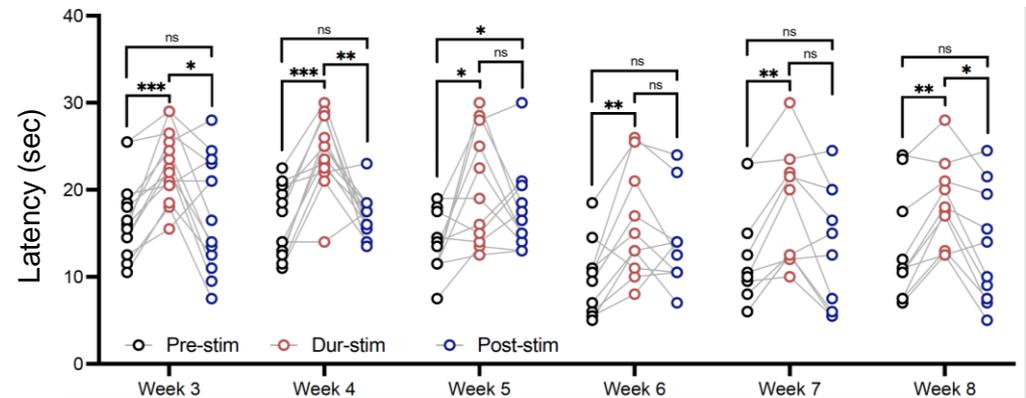
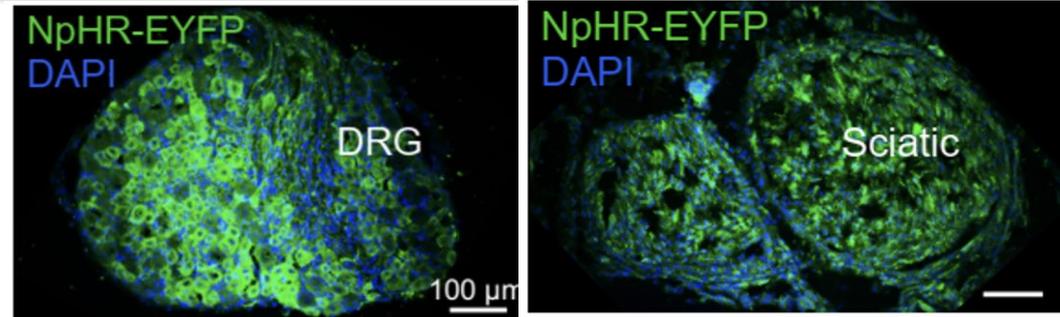
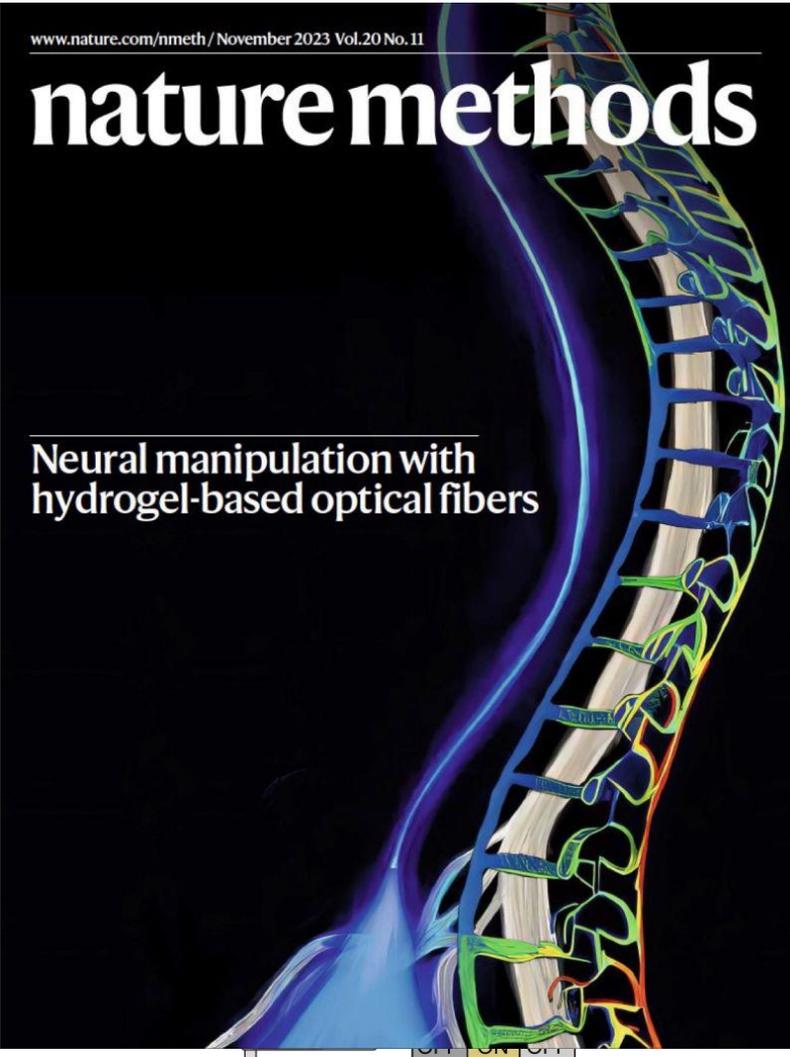


Optogenetics-enabled Pain Inhibition

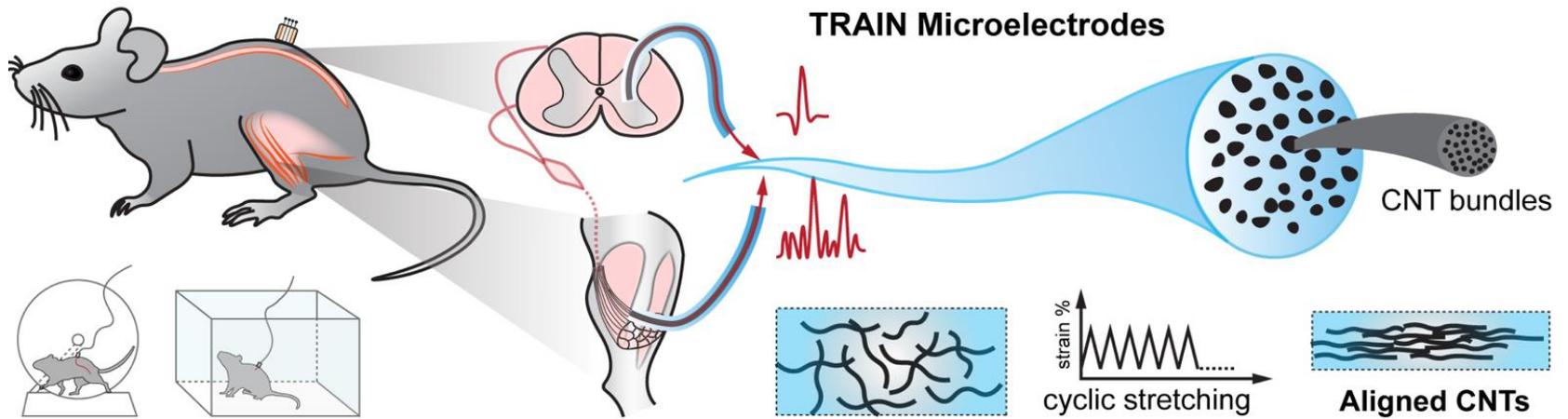
www.nature.com/nmeth / November 2023 Vol.20 No. 11

nature methods

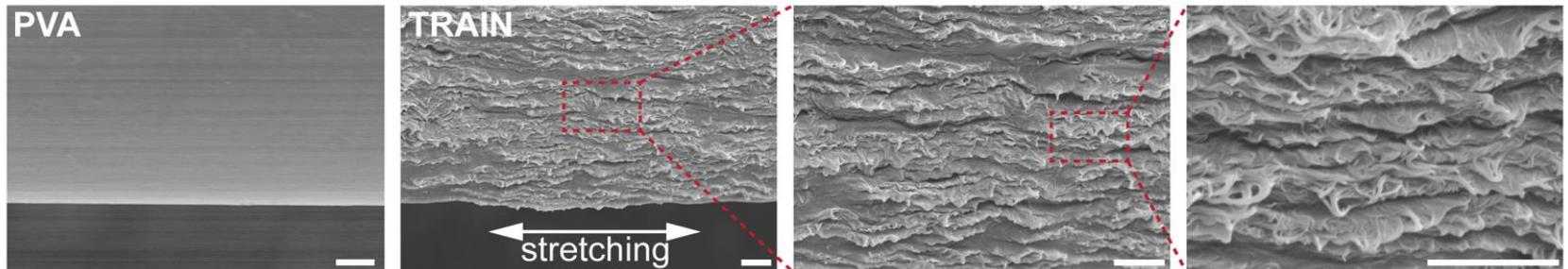
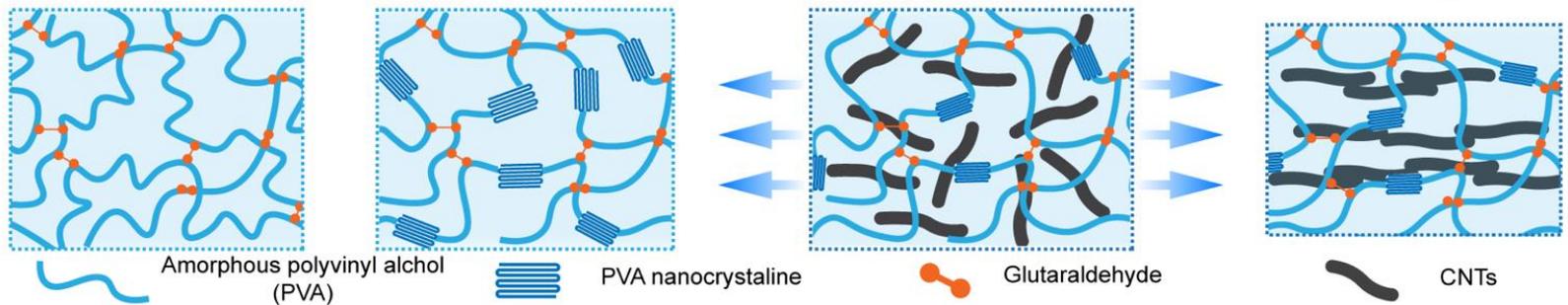
Neural manipulation with hydrogel-based optical fibers



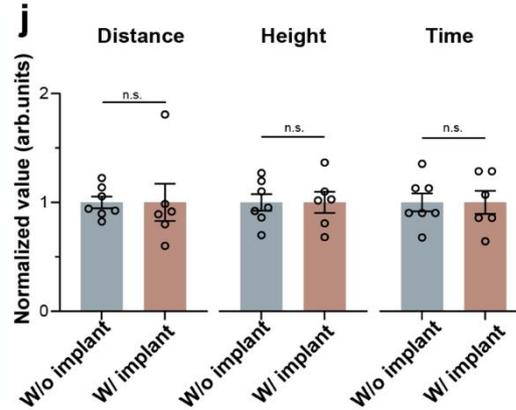
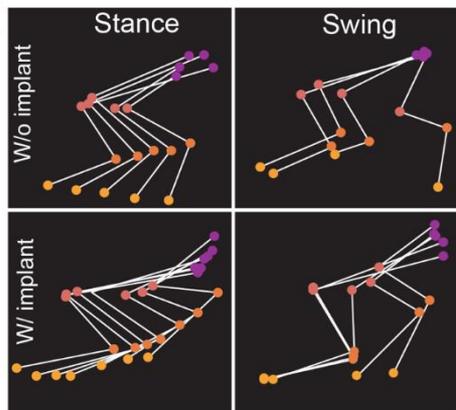
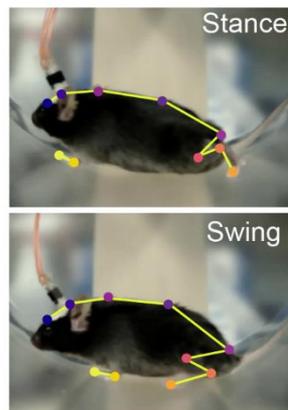
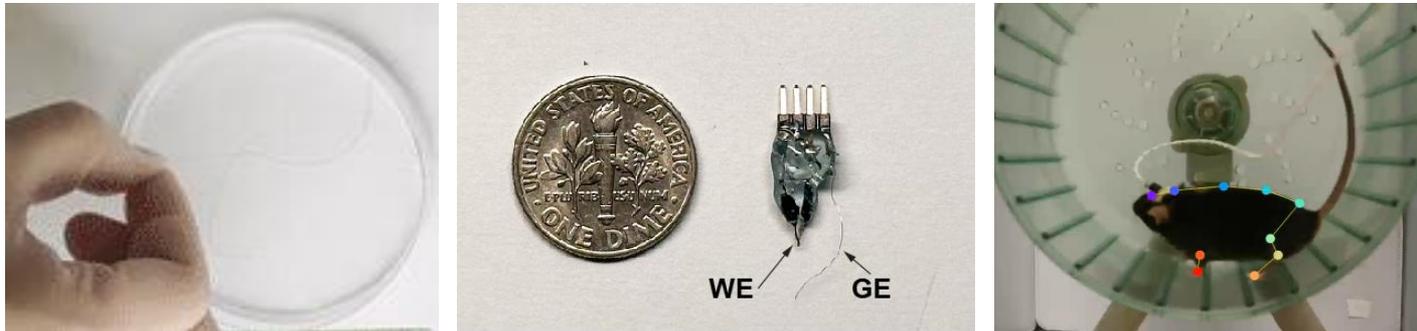
Anisotropic Hydrogel Microelectrodes



Creating polymeric crystalline → Introducing conductive nanofillers → Creating anisotropic conductivity

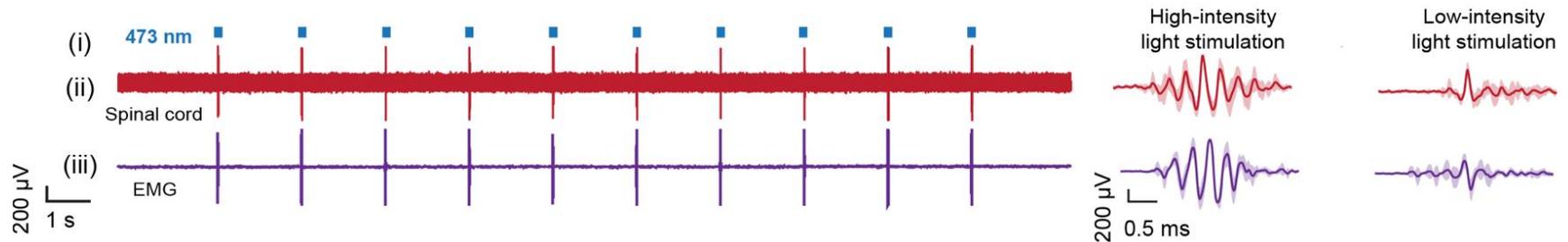
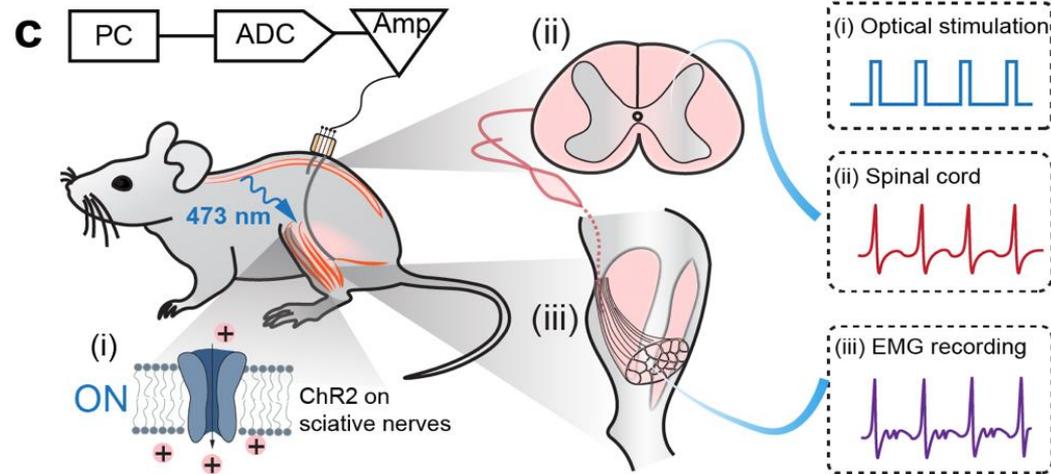
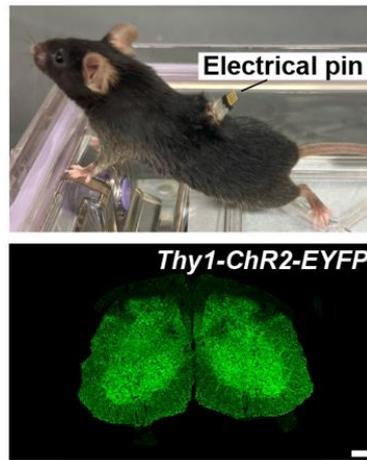


Anisotropic Hydrogel Microelectrodes



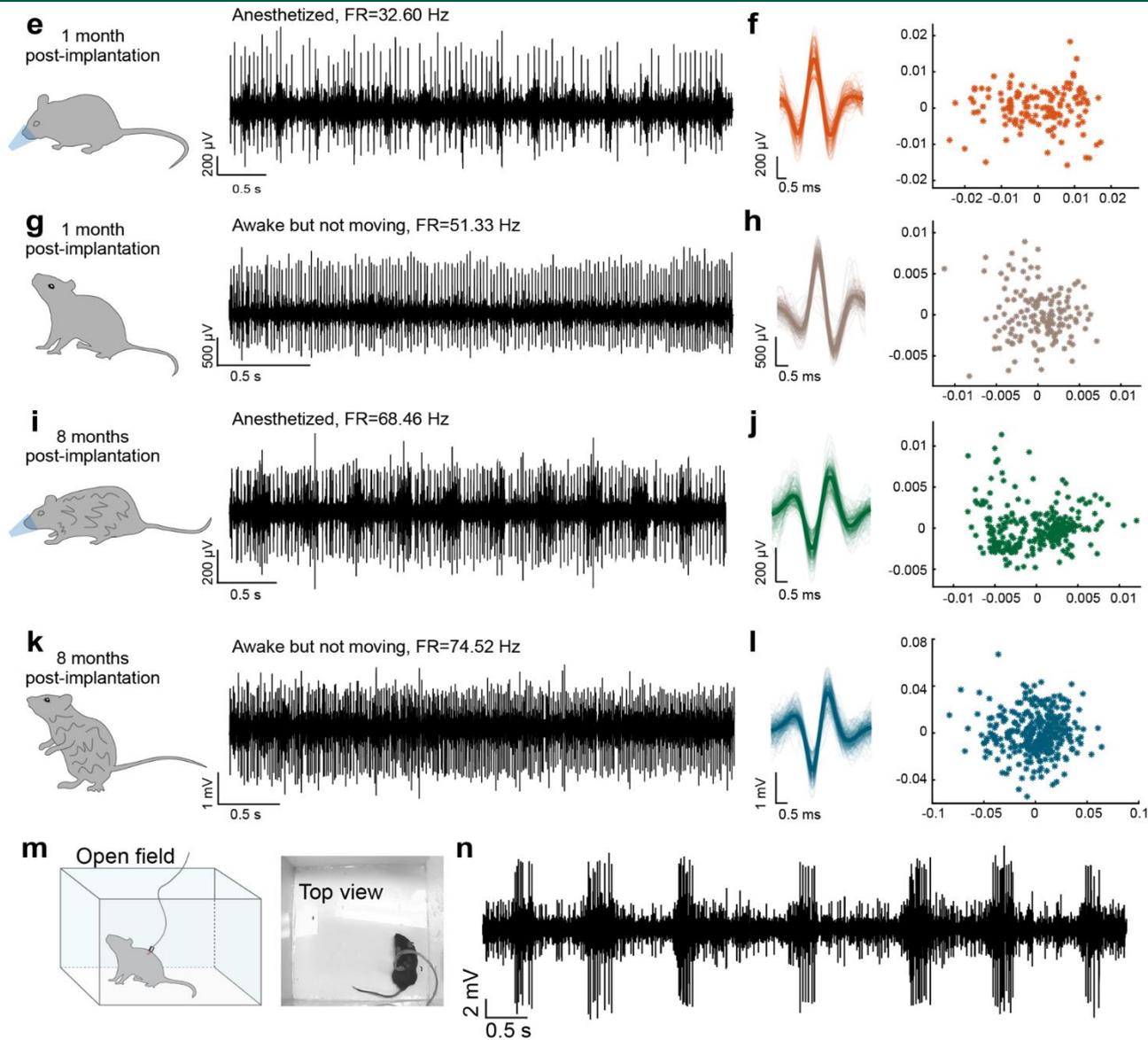
- EMG recording with naturally behaving mice

Simultaneous EMG/Intraspinal Recordings



- Simultaneous EMG and intraspinal recordings in vivo

Intraspinal Recordings during Locomotion

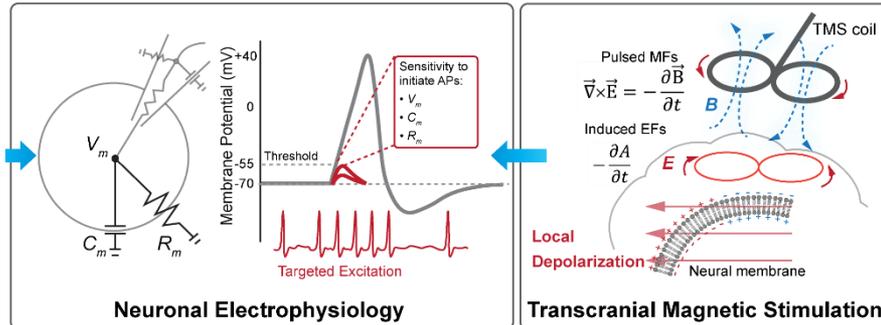


- Intraspinal recordings in naturally behaving mice

Non-invasive Cell-type-specific Magnetic Neural Modulation

Objectives:

1. Create a molecular biology toolkit to regulate membrane passive properties
2. Characterize their regulation function on membrane
3. Test specific neural excitability to MF stimulation



Technical Approaches:

1. Computation to predict membrane passive properties' regulation on neural excitability
2. Membrane-targeted protein expression design
3. AAV-facilitated protein expression
4. Intracellular electrophysiology recording to characterize membrane passive properties and neuron excitability
5. Fluorescent imaging assisted examination on neuron excitability
6. MF stimulation on neuron population
7. Single-cell MF stimulation

Accomplishments:

1. Recruited 1 PhD student (passed qualify exam), 1 rotation PhD student
2. Recruited over three undergraduate students working in this project
3. Manuscript under preparation
4. One invention disclosure submitted
5. PI delivered three invited seminar talks, co-chaired and presented in SfN mini-symposium
6. Two graduate students presented in Binghamton University BME Expo conference
7. One PhD student graduating this Winter, two undergraduate students working in this project went to graduate school

DoD Benefit:

1. Mechanistic investigation on pulsed MF stimulation on neuron activity on cellular level
2. Spatiotemporally control of neuron activity through non-invasive stimuli, which might modulate motion-, memory-related neural circuit and improve human performance
3. Improve TMS treatment with cell-type specificity and personalized medicine

PhD students:

Sizhe Huang

Eunji Hong

Xinxin Xu

Ruobai Xiao (co-mentored)

Dorcas Matuwana (co-mentored)

Katya Dressler

Master students:

Zuer Wu

Chen Lin

Research scholar:

Geunho Jang

Undergraduate students:

Jia Hui Lin

Collin Maley

Sophia Tsekov

Jingyi (Alex) Xu

Christopher Glynn

Nicolle Gudiel Winter

Sabrina Urbina

Collaborators:

Prof. Shaoting Liu (MSU)

Prof. Xuanhe Zhao (MIT)

Prof. Alfred Crosby (UMass Amherst)

Prof. Zhigang He (BCH)

Prof. Guoping Feng (MIT)

Dr. Yuanyuan (Kevin) Liu (NIH)



Program Manager:

Dr. Pat Bradshaw

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2024 Human Performance and Biosystems Program Review

Dr. Patrick Bradshaw | October 22-24, 2024 | Arlington, VA

Thank You

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