

# Forest of disordered of gold covered silicon nanowires: a versatile platform for interfacing astrocytes

**Annalisa Convertino**

*Institute for Microelettronics and Microsystems,  
C.N.R., via del Fosso del Cavaliere 100, 00133 Rome, Italy*

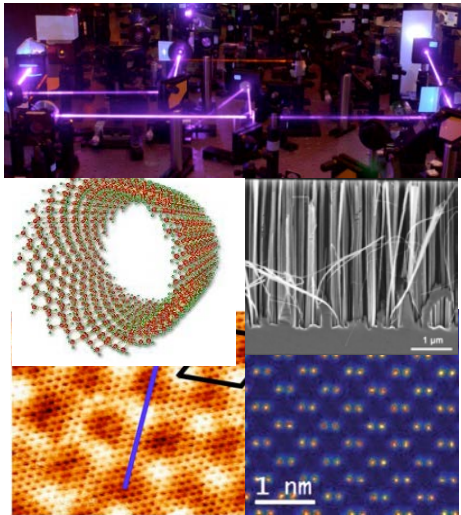


Institute for Microelectronics and Microsystems  
Italian National Research Council (permanent staff of 195  
people and a temporary staff including 47 post-docs and 61  
PhD students).

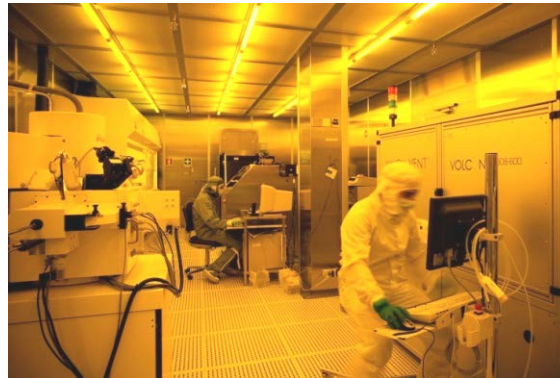
### IMM sites in Italy



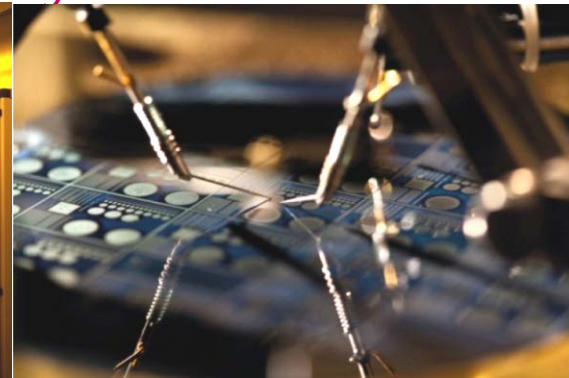
### IMM: research activity



### Innovative materials



### Micro- and nano fabrication processes



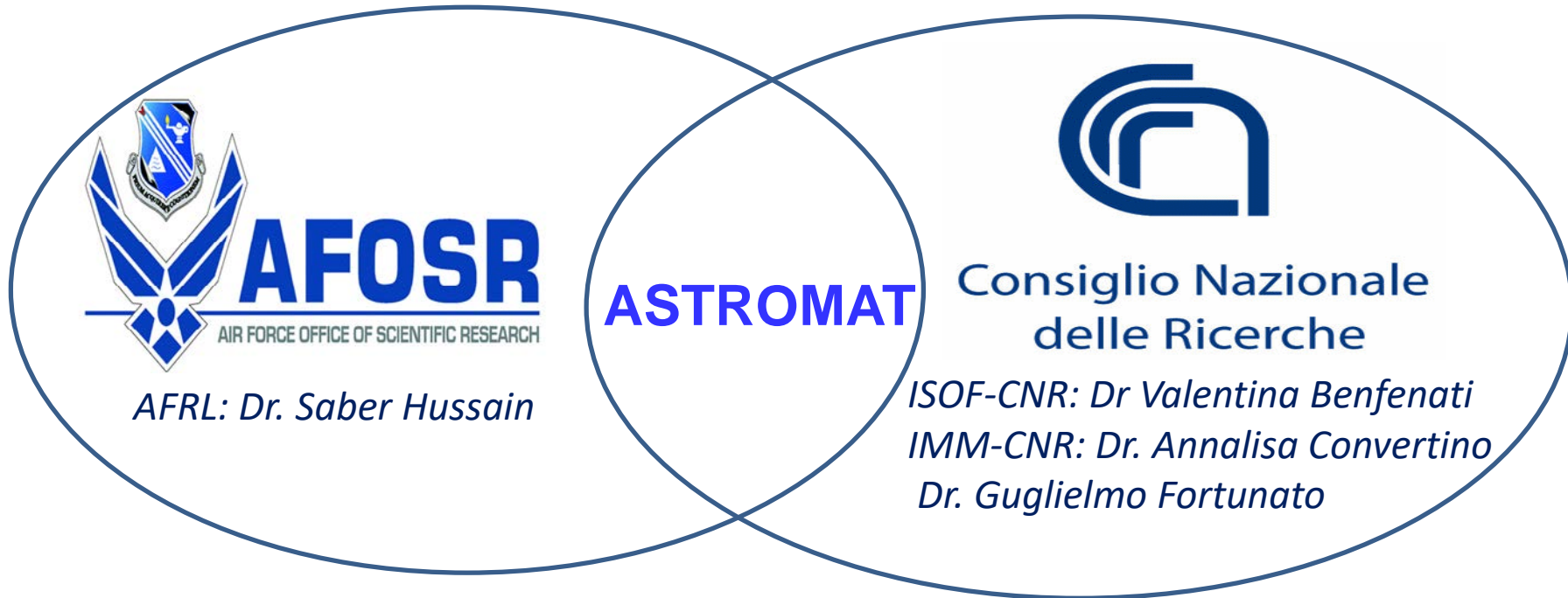
### Materials and process integration in complex microsystems

- ☐ micro and nanoelectronics;
- ☐ optoelectronics and photonics;
- ☐ sensors and multifunctional micro/nanosystems.

# *Advanced Nano-Structured Material Interface and Devices for In Vivo-like- In Vitro Monitoring of Astrocytes Physiology and Brain Toxicology*

ASTROMAT-FA9550 16 1 0502

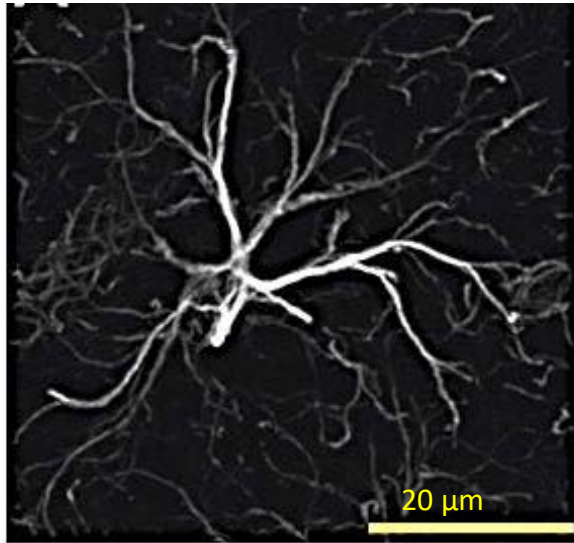
**Project Duration:** *SEP 2017- May 2018*



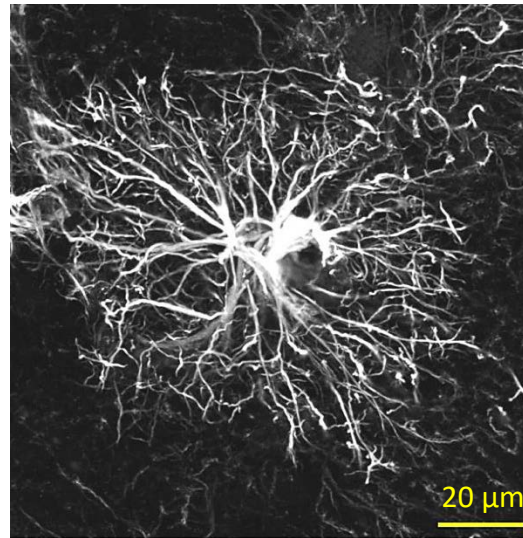
- To develop and validate a vivo-like-in vitro model of astrocytes, resembling their morphological, molecular and functional properties, for answering to fundamental questions on brain physiology and for testing brain toxicology of material

# Nanostructured platform for ASTROMAT

Typical mouse protoplasmic astrocyte

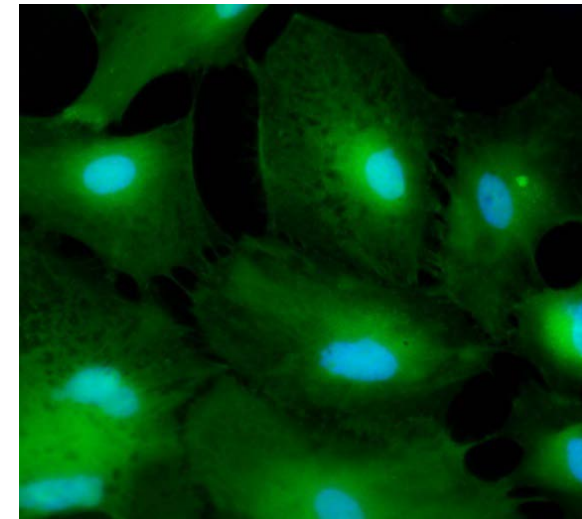


Typical human protoplasmic astrocyte



*In vivo*, **star-shaped morphology** with multiple radial processes contacting synapses and completely surrounding brain capillaries

**In vitro (PDL)**



Scale bar 20  $\mu\text{m}$

N.A. Oberheim, et al. *J. Neurosci.* 29, 3276(2009)

- To develop nanostructured platform that promotes in astrocytes in vitro the morphological, molecular and functional properties like *in vivo*;
- To integrate the nanostructured platform in a multi-electrode-array (MEA) device able to monitor and to manipulate astrocyte ion channel conductance in vitro



# Nanostructured platform for ASTROMAT

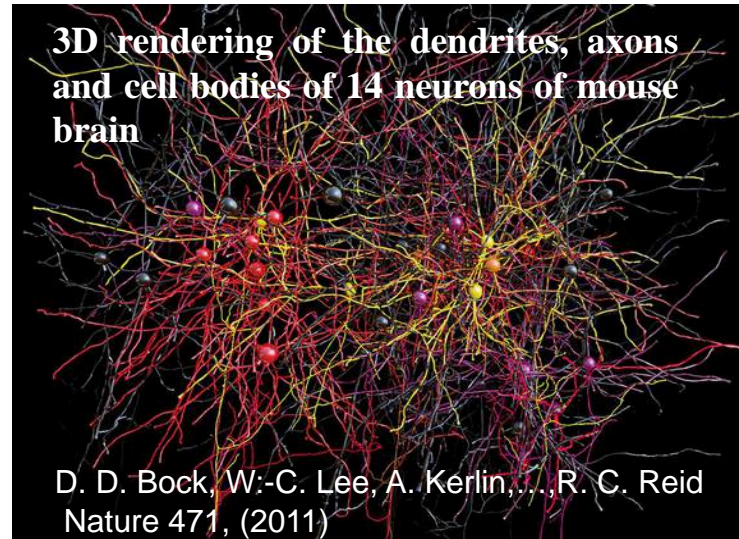
**Glassy and/or flexible  
substrates**

**Low-cost, easy  
fabrication**

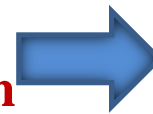
**Fabrication process  
compability**

**Material &  
Nanotopography  
Selection**

**Biocompatibility**

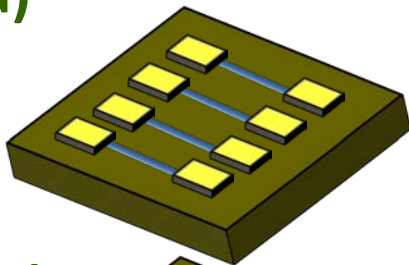


**No influence on the  
astrocyte organization**



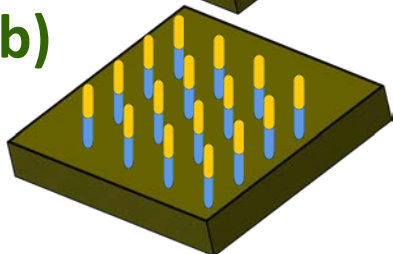
✓ **No specific geometrical order**  
✓ **No strict size control**

**a)**



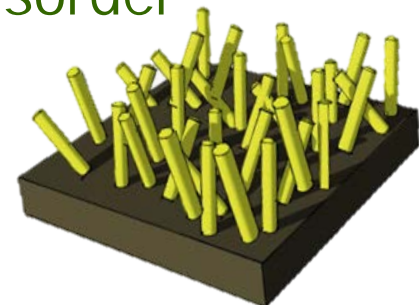
**Order => Cell organization**

**b)**



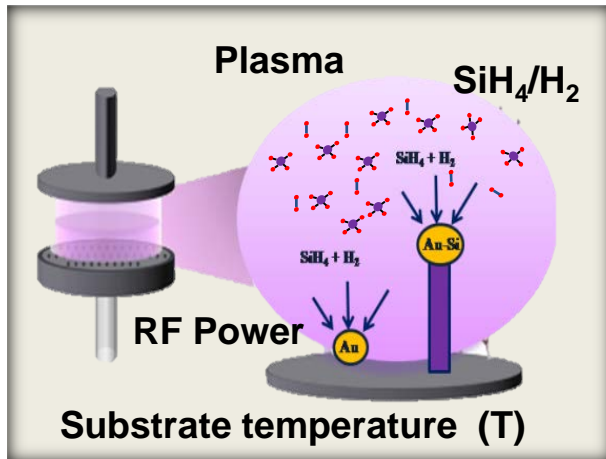
**Semiconducting Nanowires**

**Disorder**



# Silicon nanowires (SiNWs) by Plasma Enhanced Vapor Chemical Deposition (PECVD)

## Bottom-up approach

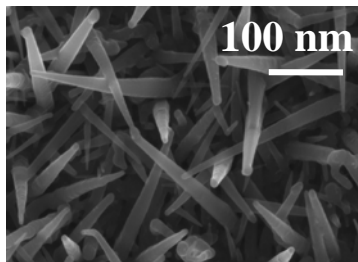
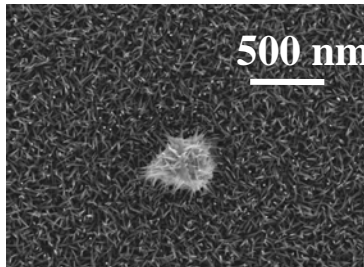


Growth temperature as low as

**350 °C**

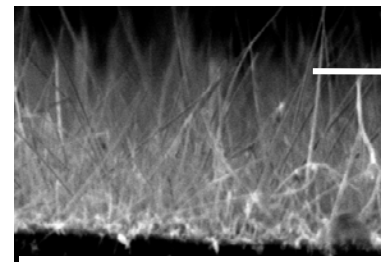
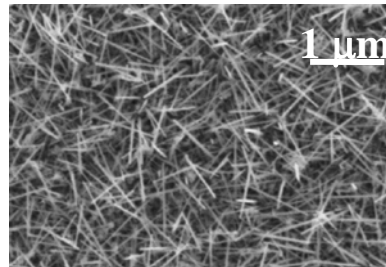
- *Polyimide*
- *Glasses*

$\text{H}_2:\text{SiH}_4=12:1$



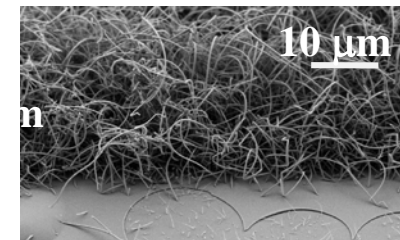
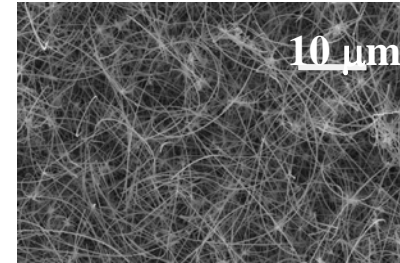
$L = 500-700 \text{ nm}$   
 $D_{\text{basis}} = 60-80 \text{ nm}$

$\text{H}_2:\text{SiH}_4=4:1$



$L \approx 3-5 \mu\text{m}$   
 $D_{\text{basis}} = 100-150 \text{ nm}$

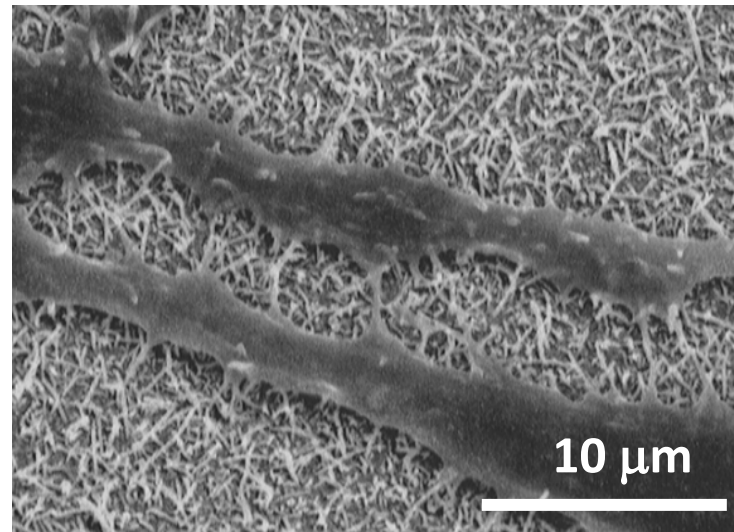
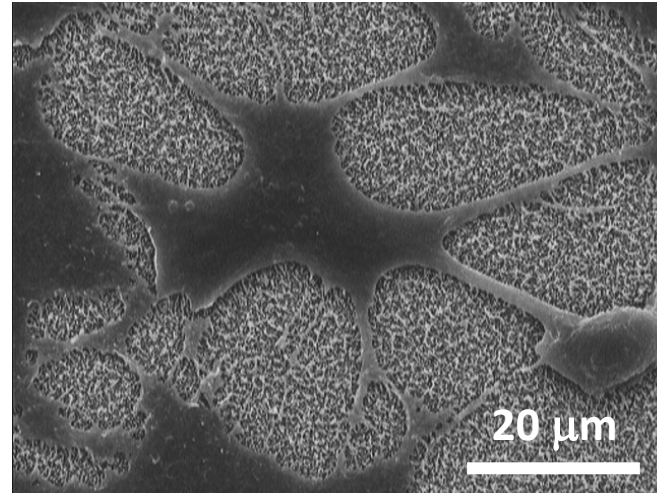
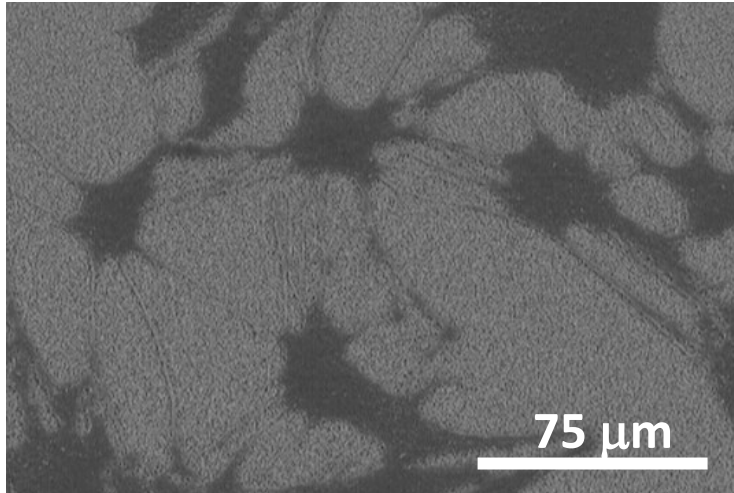
pure  $\text{SiH}_4$



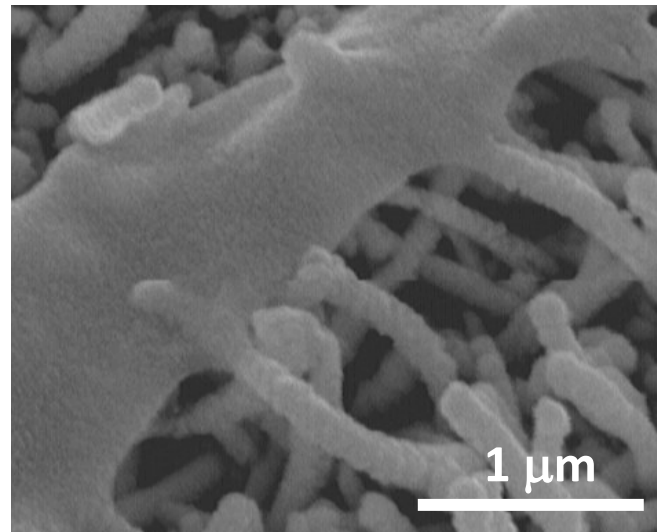
$L \approx 20 \mu\text{m}$   
 $D_{\text{basis}} = 200-250 \text{ nm}$

# Au(150nm) coated SiNWs (Au/SiNWs) to interface astrocytes

## Cortical rat astroglial cells on Au/SiNWs



$d=40-60\text{nm}$   
Conical shape



Cylindrical shape

No surface functionalization

Star-like shape

Long and straight projections

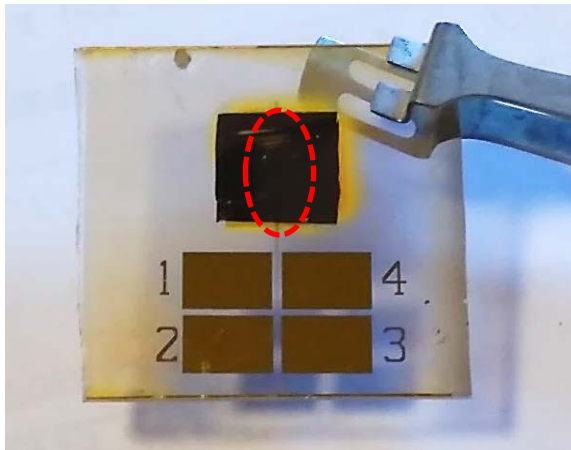
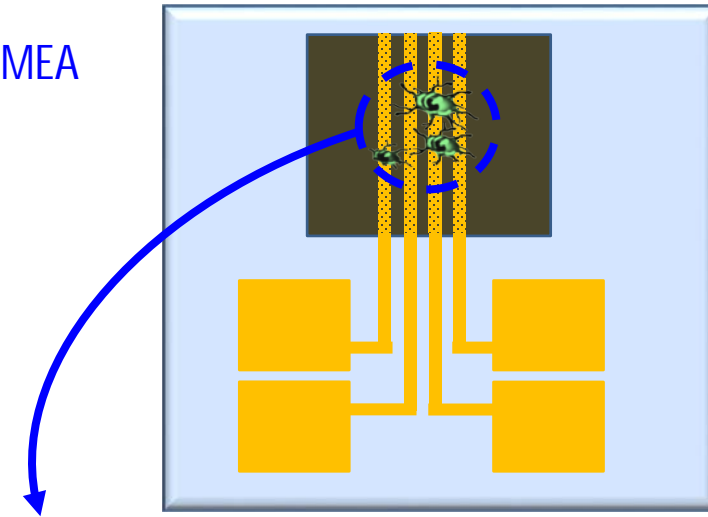
Small endfeet projections

Intimate contact

# Au/SiNW based multi electrode array for astrocyte signal recording

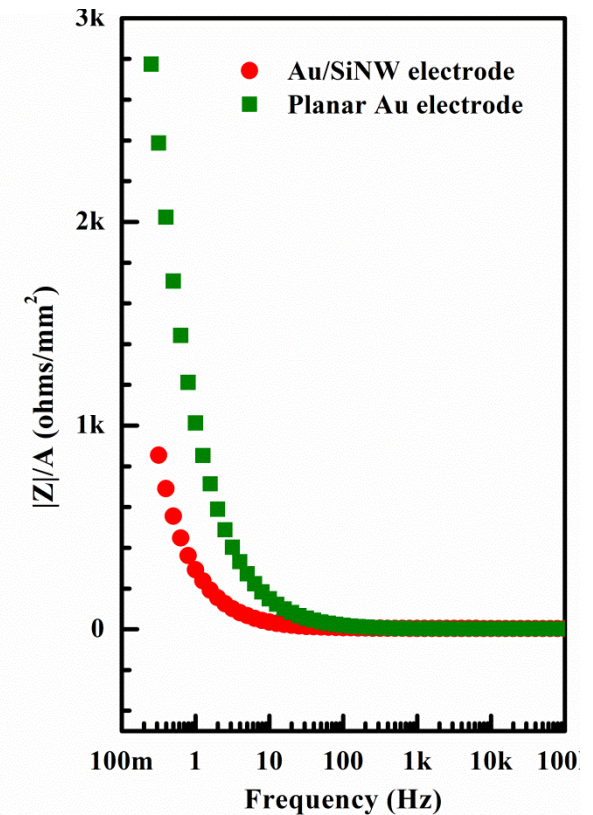
## Maintaining the disordered nanotopography

Zebrine MEA



## Nanostructured vs planar Au electrode

(100mM KCl,  $A$ =geometrical area of the electrode)



✓ Astrocyte pattern of the expressions like in-vivo

✓ Low impedance interface

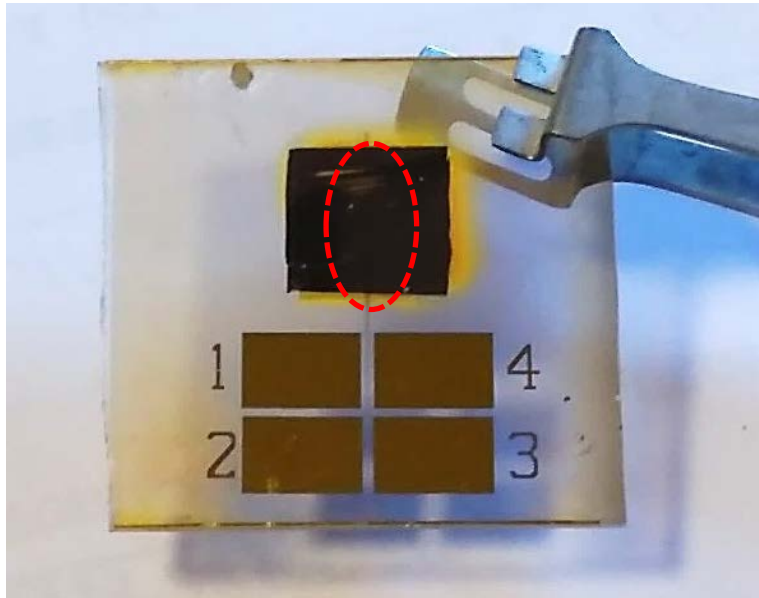
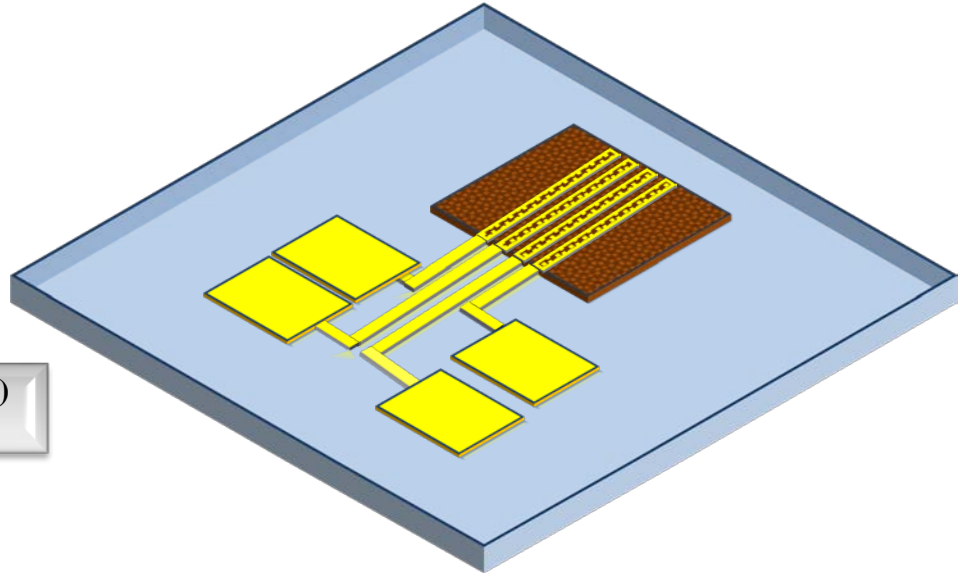
# Au/SiNW based electrodes for astrocyte signal recording

## Zebrine MEA

Growth of SiNWs on a selected area of a glass substrate

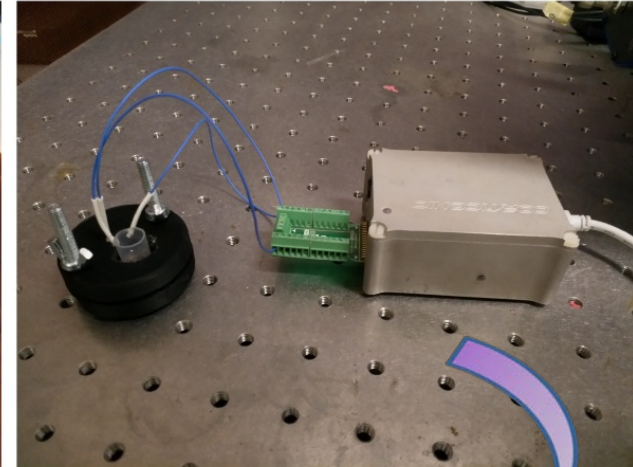
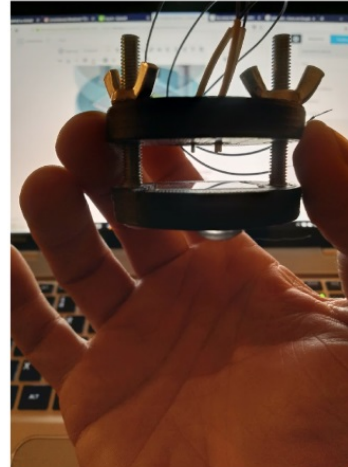
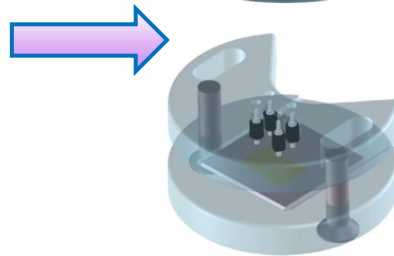
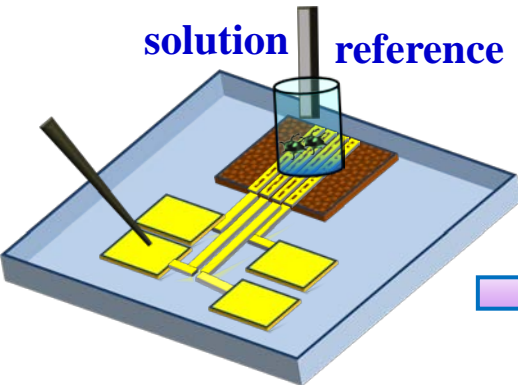
Coverage with SiO<sub>2</sub> thin layer

Deposition, photolithography and etching of Ti (20nm)/Au (150nm)) covering the NWs and forming conductive paths



# Astrocytes recording

## Recording setup: holder + data acquisition board



### Conditions

- Voltage measurement
- Acquisition time = 4 min
- Sampling at 25 KHz
- 4 channels

### Neuro Data Acquisition Board: NeuroDaq

- ADC (RHD2000 Intan), 32 channels with 16 Bit resolution
- Filtering and amplification (200x)
- BaudRate > 1 Msamples/s
- Microcontroller 80 Mips @ 200 MHz
- High Speed USB
- USB/Battery Powered Option
- Memory 4 MByte
- Dimensions: 45 x 68 mm

# Au/SiNWs interfacing astrocytes

Au/SiNWs interfacing astrocytes

*Pattern of expression like in-vivo and no surface functionalization*

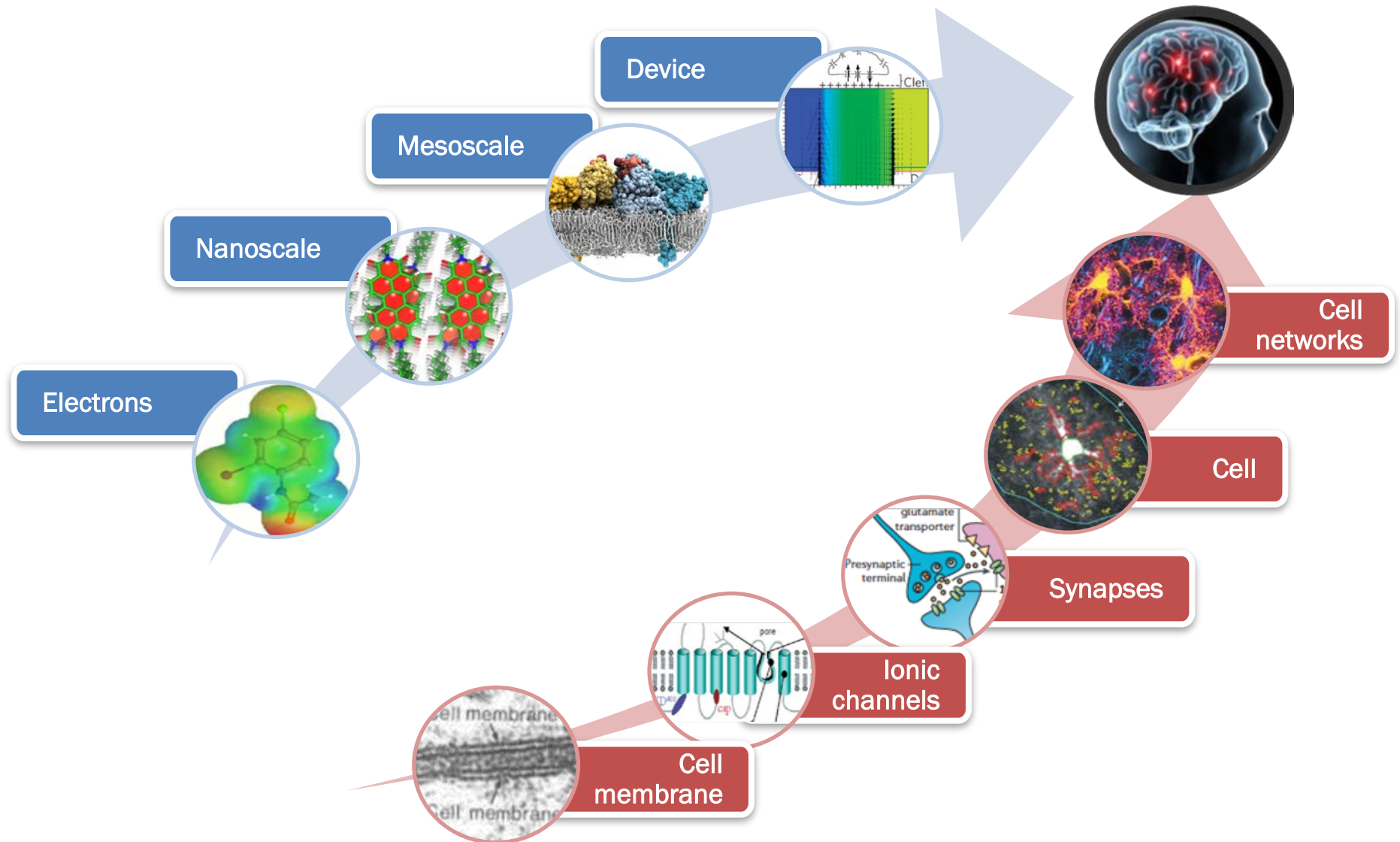


*Recording electrical signals and Raman detection*

## Prospects

- ✓ Investigation on the ionic activity of astrocytes
- ✓ Raman investigation of living astrocytes
- ✓ *Simoultaneous detection of the Raman and electrical signals in vitro* from living astrocytes with a like-in-vivo pattern of expression

# Multiscale interfacing

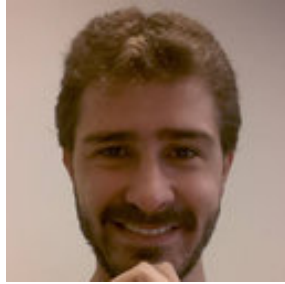


# Acknowledgements

## Institute for Microelectronics and Microsystems (IMM-CNR)



*Dr. Luca Maiolo*



*Eng. Francesco Maita*



*Dr. Valentina Mussi*



*Eng. Luca Pazzini*



*Dr. Davide Polese*

**Device design and fabrication**

**Raman spectroscopy**

**Electronics, communication  
engineering and signal analysis**

## Institute of Organic Synthesis and Photoreactivity (ISOF- CNR)



*Dr. Valentina Benfenati*

*Dr. Emanuela Saracino*

*Dr. Ana Borrachero*

**Electrophysiology, Neural cell physiology, Ion channel Biophysics, Glial cell physiology**